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THE RALEIGH NEWS.

VOL. XV.--41 RALEIGH, N. C., SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 19, 1879. $5.00 PER ANNUM.

WASHINGTON.

YESTERDAY'S PROCEEDINGS BY TELEGRAPH.

Bayard Gives Notice of a Speech---Morgan says the South has been Obedient to the Law--House, of Tennessee, Defends the South---The Army Bill Moves Slowly on.

WASHINGTON, April 18—Senate.—The Senate proceeded to the consideration of Wallaces' resolution to alter the rule of the Senate, so that removals and appointments may be made by the Secretary of the Senate and the Sergeant-at-Arms, respectively. The rule proposed to be amended requires that removals and appointments are to be approved by the President of the Senate. Without any action being taken the morning hour closed, and the Senate took up the Army Appropriation bill.

Randolph, of New Jersey, addressed the Senate, alluding to prominent events in the early history of his State, —significant as showing the predominance then of the spirit of resistance to the unjust laws which now appear in the proposed repeal of laws authorizing military interference in civil affairs.

Several Senators incidentally spoke against the practice of lists being prepared of Senators who desired to speak on the pending question.

Mr. Bayard said he proposed to address the Senate and country at length upon the proposed legislation.

Senator Morgan also indicated his intention to speak, and said the Southern representatives regarded these as constitutional questions rather than matters affecting the recent disturbances between the North and the South, and their future influence on the destinies of this great country. They had an equal interest with each other as sections in the development of the true glory of the American Union, Nation or Government, and were desirous of assisting in the management of the government of the people, for the people, and by the people. They did not attempt to repeal war measures for the benefit of the South; they preferred to outlive their effects, and were here today because of their patient course in obedience to law.

Mr. Groome referred to the acts of Generals Dix and Schenck, in connection with the affairs in Maryland in 1861, and at other periods, as showing to what lengths the army had gone in abuse of the rights of a free people.

HOUSE.—The morning hour, which on Friday is set apart for business of a private character, was dispensed with. The subsidiary silver coins bill was therefore not taken up, and the House went into a Committee of the Whole on the Legislative Appropriation bill, and was addressed by McKinley of Ohio, in opposition to the proposed legislation to repeal the Federal election laws. He denounced that legislation as a bold and wanton attempt to wipe from the law every protection of the ballot-box, and to surrender it into unholy hands of hired repeaters and ballot-box stuffers at the North and of "tissue ballot" cheats at the South.

House, of Tennessee, followed, expressing his astonishment that any man would be found willing that the Federal election law should be retained on the statute book; he defended Southern representatives from charges of falsity to obligations.

Burrows, of Michigan, advocated the retention of the election laws. He asserted that the negroes in Louisiana were fleeing from oppression, and couched his declarations in very strong language.

Gibson, of Louisiana, made several efforts to get in a disclaimer of statements, but Burrows declined to yield. The debate became very animated, the speaker assailing the democratic party in the House whom he styled conspirators.

At the conclusion of his remarks, Messrs. Gibson and Elam both warmly defended the charges that the citizens of Louisiana were the intimated voters.

There will be several evening sessions next week for debate only.

SPAFFORD AND KELLOGG.

Spafford says Bribery was Used for Kellogg's Election---says it's no such Thing, &c.

WASHINGTON, April 18.—A lively passage occurred during to-day's session of the Senate committee on Privileges and Elections in regard to the Spafford-Kellogg case. Judge Spafford, in the course of his argument, reiterated an assertion contained in his memorial, to the effect that Kellogg had bribed members of the legislature to vote for his election to the Senate.

Kellogg obtaining leave to interrupt Spafford, very emphatically denied the assertion, and proceeded to say that the committee, consisting of two democrats and one republican, had been appointed by Nichols' legislature to investigate some charge of bribery as long ago as March, 1878, and failing to find anything whatever to substantiate it, had never, up to this day, made any report; and that on the other hand he believed it could be readily proven that the democrats had themselves used money to break up the Packard legislature by inducing its members to desert to Nichols' legislature.

The committee, at the conclusion of Spafford's argument adjourned, subject to a call of the chairman.

Imperilled by Fire Damp.

BRUSSELS, April 18.—Two hundred and forty miners were imperilled by a fire damp explosion in the Agrippe coal pit near Mous. Eighty-nine persons have been thus far rescued.

A Submerged Village.

PESTH, April 18.—The rivers Maros and Karos have again brokeu their dams in several places. The village of Zereud has been destroyed, and the town s around endangered, the water having already reached the cellars of houses.

THE 4 PER CENTS.

A Little Subscription of Only $190,000,000.00---19 Banking Institutions Representing $100,000,000.00.

NEW YORK, April 18.—The Syndicate composed of nineteen banks and banking firms of this city and Boston to-day made a subscription of $150,000,000 of 4 per cent. bonds, and $40,000,000 of funding certificates, making the largest single subscription ever made to a Government funded loan in this or any other country. The Tribune furnishes the following details: The Syndicate was not fully organized until after the close of business hours in Washington, and the bid for all 4 percents available for funding the 10-40 loan was not telegraphed in time to receive a response before the Treasury Department was closed for the day. The Syndicate which has made this unparalleled subscription of $190,000,000 it is understood, is composed of the First National Bank, Fiske & Hatch, Metropolitan National Bank, Winslow, Danier & Co., J. & W. Seligman, Morton, Bliss & Co., Third National Bank, Bank of New York, American Exchange bank, Park National Bank, Importers and National Bank, Hatch & Fotte, Vermilge & Co., United States Trust Co., Kuhu, Loeb & Co., and the New York branch of the Bank of Nevada of this city, Moverick National Bank, Foote & French and C. A. Sweet & Co., of Boston, making 19 institutions representing a combined capital of over one hundred million dollars. The subscription of yesterday was made according to the new terms prescribed by Secretary Sherman in his circular of April 16th, while the First National Bank for itself and associates has subscribed for the full amount of one hundred and ninety million dollars of 4 per bonds available for Government sale until 1881. It is understood that the amount will be swollen as the Treasury Department will grade it down according to the number of bona fide subscriptions before 4 p. m. by banks and banking institutions in the regular course of business and by actual sales of funding certificates all over the country.

STATE NEWS.

New Hanover.

Wilmington Star: W. H. Boyette, the accomplished thief, who has for some months been robbing school houses in this city, was up for trial, and was held in heavy bonds to appear at court.——Green peas are on sale.——A bolt of lightning knocked down three sailors on the Norwegian bark Ararat, while coming up the river Thursday.

Craven.

Newbern Nutshell: Capt. W. J. Street has resigned the captaincy of the Elm City Rifles, having removed to Raleigh.——Four of our citizens yesterday began a tramp of 400 miles in the new walking rink. The pedestrian fever has struck the town bad.

Wayne.

Goldsboro Mail: Rev. N. Z. Graves, well known in this place, is lying quite ill in Warrenton.——Mr. Wm. Bonitz will build a brick hotel on his burnt lot containing twenty-five rooms.——The many friends of Col. L. W. Humphrey will regret to learn that he is lying very ill at his residence.

Edgecombe.

Tarboro Southerner: The peach crop is greatly damaged, but apples, pears, cherries and plumbs are safe.——The Sheriff of Wake brought John Gray down and lodged him in jail on Monday. John is indicted for stealing cotton.——The Supreme Court adjourned last week having heard and determined 133 cases.——Capt. T. W. Battle and others planted cotton last week.

Nash.

Tarboro Southerner: A young white man named Jerre Smith, while under the influence of liquor, got in a difficulty with a negro and cut his throat in Nashville, Nash county, on Monday. The jugular vein was severed and the negro is not expected to live.

Lenoir.

Tarboro Southerner: Capt. E. R. Page, Deputy Collector for this District, informs us that he captured in Bull's Swamp, Lenoir county, last week, one illicit distillery, four prisoners and one thousand gallons of beer. His party, as we understand him, shot thirty hogs. Capt. P. expects to implicate prominent parties. For the honor of our section, be it spoken, this is the first instance of illicit distillery in the East, of which we have heard.

Mecklenburg.

Charlotte Observer: The three fire companies now have eighteen hundred feet of new hose.——More and finer shad from Catawba river were brought in yesterday and commanded fair prices. Is this the result of the labors of the fish commission?——Tramps have been exceedingly scarce in this city since the passage of the ordinance allowing the mayor to put them on the street for thirty days. It's singular how news spreads among tramps.——The election of chief of the fire department will take place at the hall of the Independent Hook and Ladder Company next Monday night.——Dr. E. O. Elliott, the proprietor of the Sparkling Catawba Springs, was in the city yesterday. He will open again this season, and will make some important improvements in the property.

Halifax.

Roanoke News: A gentleman who knows, says Weldon will have three thousand inhabitants within two years.——Haverly's minstrels passed through here Sunday from Charleston on their way to Baltimore. There were forty-seven of them.——Capt. W. H. Kitchin, who has been on a visit home for the past week, passed through here on his return to Washington City Tuesday.——The river is rising and muddy, and if this state of the water continues there will be plenty of rock fish here in a few days. There have been several caught already.——The Baptist church here is now undergoing repairs, will soon be completed, and services will be held in it regularly by Rev. R. T. Vann, of Enfield.

Pasquotank.

Elizabeth City Economist: A hair seal in the harbor on Sunday, created a sensation, and now the question is, where did he come from?——E. City is becoming more and more a centre of the fish trade. Almost every hour brings a fish boat.

Camden.

Elizabeth City Economist: Shadrie Brite, an old man partially insane, hung himself with a rope at South Mills on Tuesday.

Forsythe.

Salem Press: Prof. Agthe is the recipient of a beautiful gold headed cane, presented to him as a birthday gift Saturday, by the young ladies of Salem Female Academy.——Salem has done more in the 118 years of her existence for charitable and public purposes, than, perhaps any town of its size in the State.——A paper under the auspices of the Episcopal Church, the report is current here, will be printed in Winston at an early day.

Corporative Cotton Statement.

Net receipts at all U. S. ports during week,	40,336
Net receipts at all U. S. ports same week last year,	37,364
Total Receipts to this date,	4,245,593
" " same " last year,	4,011,218
Exports for the week,	53,095
" " same week last year,	65,142
Total exports to this date,	3,085,137
" " same date last year,	2,845,341
Stock at all U. S. ports,	322,203
Stock at all ports same date last year,	503,821
Stock at all interior towns,	57,328
" " " " same date last year,	57,036
Stock at Liverpool,	543,000
" " same date last year,	763,000
Stock of American afloat for Great Britain,	267,000
Stock of American afloat for Great Britain same time last year,	261,000

The Widow Oliver has been nominated for Queen of May. The Queen of December was what she was a candidate for.

SHOT IN THE STREET.

THE SEQUAL TO A BALTIMORE DUEL.

A Father Killed While Seeking Revenge for the Betrayal of His Daughter---How Young James and Hinds Poured Shot into Each Other When Five Feet Apart.

Special to the Phil. Times.

BALTIMORE, April 16.

At noon to-day Isaac D. James was shot and almost instantly killed on the streets of this city by Denwood B. Hinds. James' daughter, Lizzie, who died on March 15, last, was betrayed by Hinds, and the father had openly declared that he would kill him. As he was going to work to-day he met Hinds and his younger brother, Harry, and with the remark: "Now I've got you," drew his pistol. The elder Hinds jumped back and fell into an area. As James fired he threw up his arm, the ball striking him in the left forearm and lip. James then turned and walked around the corner, but retraced his steps, and, looking round the corner, saw Hinds rising. He again drew his pistol, but Hinds, cocking his, opened fire upon him. As James kept advancing, and staggering under the bullets he had received, Hinds' brother pulled him down from behind, and Hinds struck him with his revolver. James was taken to a house near by, and died in a few minutes. Denwood Hinds was arrested and claimed that he had acted in self-defense. A Coroner's jury heard the evidence and adjourned until to-morrow.

On the 23d of December last William James, son of the man killed to-day, and Denwood B. Hinds fought a desperate duel in Baltimore. Young James then 24 years of age, boreand excellent reputation and was in the employ of Buck, Heffelbower & Co. Hinds was of about the same age and was employed as a clerk at the clothing house of Robert Moore & Co., Baltimore and Hanover streets. Both were members of the Fifth Regiment and had been friends. Hinds had been paying attention to James' sister, Miss Lizzie, a beautiful and accomplished girl, who seems to have loved him desperately. Finally his attentions slackened and his visits ceased. Then it became known to young James that Hinds had made his sister his victim. Angered at the clerk he sought him and demanded of him the only reparation that was in his power to make. Again and again did he press his sister's claims on the young man, and again and again was he refused.

A DESPERATE DUEL.

Finally James became tired of importuning Hinds, resolved to punish him. On the morning of Monday, December 23d, he entered the store where Hinds was employed. The latter was found in the basement. "I have come for satisfaction," said James, and he pulled out his revolver. Hinds did the same and the shots followed in quick succession. Both men fired at each other until every load in James' pistol had been exhausted, when the latter exclaimed: "I have had enough; my pistol is empty." Hinds had one more load in his revolver, but before he had a chance to fire it off James seized him. The two men clinched and there was a hard struggle, each beating the other with the but end of his revolver. Hinds attempted to press his revolver to James' cheek, when, fortunately, Mr. Moore, one of the proprietors, attracted by the noise in the basement, came from the upper floor, and, seeing the two young men clinched against a table, succeeded, after an effort, in separating them and wresting the pistols from them. James' revolver was empty and that of Hinds had one load in it. Hinds was bleeding from a bullet wound in the forehead and James was covered with blood. Neither would give any reason for the encounter. Physicians were called in and the young men's wounds examined. Five shots fired by James had struck Hinds' body, the two others lodged in the wall and ceiling of the room. One ball struck the centre of Hind's forehead, but glanced up and struck the ceiling. The other entered the cheek below the right eye and lodged just in front of the ear. The third passed through the right ear. The fourth grazed the left hand and the fifth broke the little finger of the same hand. James received three wounds, the most dangerous being that produced by a shot through the chest. Another bullet entered the right arm near the elbow, and another ball passed through his hat. It was a wonder that both men were not killed. They had at no time been more than five feet apart, and had fired at each other as fast as they could turn the barrels of their revolvers.

THE SAD SEQUEL.

It was some time before either of the belligerants recovered. Hinds, when he was able to travel, left the city, refusing to make any complaint against his assailant; he left, still refusing to make the only reparation which was yet in his power, and his poor victim was forsaken only to die. Her death occurred about a month ago. To the very last her love for the man who had proved false to her remained, and, surrounded by her friends, she gave up her life for him. She had been a favored child, deeply loved by her parents, and her untimely end nearly drove them crazy. With her dying breath the father swore to be revenged upon the betrayer, and the meeting to-day was the result of that oath.

SOUTH CAROLINA'S SENATORS.

Hampton and Butler in Charlotte---A Military Escort and a Reception at the Depot.

The usual and accidental circumtance of the presence of the two Senators of South Carolina in the city on the same day offered an opportunity, yesterday afternoon, for a public demonstration in honor of the distinguished visitors which the citizens of Charlotte were glad to avail themselves of. Charlotteans have always delighted to honor Gov. Hampton as the redeemer of his State from misrule, poverty and corruption, and yesterday when the first opportunita was offered, showed themselves equally pleased to extend special courtesies to a statesman who, if less prominent in the work of reformation, was scarcely less effective, and is a true representive of the intelligence, patriotism and independence of spirit of his native State.

At the depot the crowd was augmented by the arrival of the cadets of the Carolina Military Institute. When the train pulled up to the station the Hornets' Nest Riflemen formed to receive Gov. Hampton. After some delay he appeared with Mayor Smith on the platform, leaning on his crutches, and was received with cheers, intermingled with loud calls for a speech.

Being introduced by the Mayor, he said that he had been in the habit of putting Gen. Butler forward to do the talking as he had put him forward to do the fighting during the war, and that he had shown that he was no less successful as a talker than a fighter, and it was his intention to put the Senator in for the talking on this occasion, but he could not repress a desire to thank the citizens of Charlotte for their kind expressions towards himself. He remembered with gratitude that the handsome company which stood on his right was the same which had escorted him to the capitol of his State when he went there to take his seat as Governor, and he was no less mindful of the sympathy and regard which the people of North Carolina had shown him during the past year and formerly in the difficult and troublesome times in his State. His experience during the war was that wherever placed, the tar-heels could always be relied on. He hoped to see the Hornet's Nest Riflemen again in Columbia on the 10th of May.

"I am going to Washington," said he, "to represent my people in the national council. I trust that while I shall never forget that I am a Southern man, I shall always recollect that I am an American Senator; that I shall be able to subordinate a partisan spirit to the bringing about of that reconciliation which we all so ardently desire and need. Since I first laid aside my sword I have striven for peace between the lately contending sections of the Union, and I believed then as I believe now, that such a state of feeling will bring prosperity and happiness to our land."

The speech was interrupted by applause, and at its close Gen. Butler was again called on, and responded briefly by saying that he had succeeded on this occasion in putting Gen. Hampton forward, and he had said all that could have been appropriately said on the occasion.

Gov. Hampton is looking remarkably well considering the suffering he has undergone, but moves with considerable difficulty.

THE NEGRO EXODUS.

How the Blacks Were Enticed to Kansas.

Mr. Ryan, one of the members of Congress from Kansas, has received the copy of a circular, which, it is believed has been distributed in large quantities in the South and largely instrumental in deluding the poor negroes into their present mad career the oftenpromised "forty acres and a mule." Mr. Ryan avows his utter ignorance of Lycurgus P. Jones, or the society over which that Spartan presides, and says that while Kansas is willing to take care of her share of colored refugees, she will object, in the most positive manner, to being covered with an avalanche of them. The circular is printed in bold type, and marked "strictly private."

ATTENTION, COLORED MEN—OFFICE OF COLORED COLONZIATION, TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 2, 1879.—Your brethren and friends throughout the North have observed with painful solicitude the outrages heaped upon you by your rebel masters, and are doing all they can to alleviate your miseries and provide for your future happines and prosperity. President Hayes, by his iniquitous Southern policy, has deserted you, while the Democrats, who now have control of Congress, will seek to reenslave you if you remain in the South, and to protect you from their designs the Colonization society has been organized by the government to provide land for each head of a family, which will be given in bodies of 100 acres gratuitously. This land is located in the best portion of Kansas, in close proximity to Topeka, and is very productive. Here there is no distinction in society, all are on an equality. Leave the land of oppression and come to free Kansas.

LYCURGUS P. JONES, President.

Show this circular to none but colored men and keep its contents a secret.

A BALTIMORE TRAGEDY.

Seduction of a Girl and the Killing of Her Father.

Special Dispatch to The Post.

BALTIMORE, April 16.—A terrible sequel to the Hinds—James pistol duel occured here to-day, resulting to the killing of Isaac James, an old engineer on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, and the wounding of Denwood B. Hinds and Harry Hinds, his young brother. Last December, it will be remembered, Wm. M. James, son of the man killed this morning, went to the store of Robert Moore & Co. and asked for Hinds, who was clerk in that establishment. Being told Hinds was in the basement, James sought him there. He accosted Hinds, drew a revolver, and returned the fire. Both of the duelists emptied their pistols at close range, but neither of them was fatally wounded. It was known that Hinds had been a frequent and acceptable visitor to the parlor of Miss Lizzie James, a sister of his friend, and only daughter of Isaac D. James. Some divined the cause of the shooting between them, or Madame Rumor had given to the gossips a story well calculated to throw a shadow of gloom on the house of Mr. James. Miss Lizzie James, about whom the shooting originated, died on the 15th of last month of puerperal convulsions, within two weeks of becoming a mother. Her father then swore to be revenged upon the author of her troubles. As Hinds, who is a very young man, was taking his younger brother to school, shortly after noon, he met old man James face to face on Fayette street, near Carrolton avenue, with the exclamation, "Now I've got you." The old man pulled a Colts' revolver and commenced firing on Hinds. The first shot struck Hinds in the left arm, and the second in the right cheek. He then pulled his own pistol and emptied all five of the chambers, two of the balls crashing through the brain of James. The latter died within ten minutes, and Hinds was arrested. During the firing Harry Hinds kocked old man James down, and was himself shot in the arm.

A coroner's jury was empanneled, and after being sworn, took a recess until to-morrow at 2 p. m.

Mexican Veterans.

Charlotte Observer.

Frequent allusions have been made by the press to the pensions not yet given to the surviving soldiers of the Mexican war. The pension of the privates would be eight dollars per month—that of the officers according to their grade or rank. The pay of a lieutenant was thirty dollars, which was increased by commutation for rations, &c., to sixty-two dollars per month. The pension of this officer would be half pay or fifteen dollars per month. The number of survivors is not large. The per centage of deaths annually has been about 3 per cent. This will leave ten living from every hundred. The amount of money required annually would not be one thousandth part of the revenue derived from the wealth of the country added to our domain by their efforts. Thirty years have passed, and but few of those soldiers, whose labors added so much to the material wealth of the conntry, are now living. Each year will lessen that number. Are they asking too much when they ask that this pension be given by the present Congress?

Do not stupify your baby with Opium or Morphia mixtures, but use Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup which is always safe and reliable and never disappoints. 25 cts.

THE SCHOOL BILL.

THE ATTORNEY GENERALS OPINION.

The Signatures Necessary---They may be Affixed after Adjournment---Where the Facts Justify it.

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE, April 10, 1879.

To the Super't of Public Instruction:

DEAR SIR: I have delayed answering your letter of the 20th in reference to the validity of the "School Law" because the importance of the question required that I should give it a careful consideration.

The facts contained in the letters of the Secretary of State, Enrolling Clerk of the Legislature, and Clerk of the House of Representatives, which accompany your communication, are in brief as follows: The bill to revise and consolidate the school law was introduced in the House on the 27th of February, 1879, and passed its three readings, and ordered to be engrossed and sent to the Senate for concurrence. It was accordingly transmitted to the Senate and passed its three readings in the House enrolled, subjected to the examination of the Committee on Enrolled Bills and reported by them as correctly enrolled. The Journals further show that it was duly ratified and transmitted to the office of the Secretary of State on the last day of the session together with a large number of other acts. Upon ascertaining after the adjournment of the Legislature that the signatures of the presiding officers were wanting, the Secretary did not feel authorized to receive it as a law. Bat. Rev. chap. 78. sec. 41, (1).

This question is presented by the facts: Is it the duty of the presiding officers to sign the bill after the adjournment of the General Assembly? they still being members and presiding officers, with a term of office of two years, commencing from the time of their election as members.—Const. Art. II, secs. 2 and 25.

The Constitution provides that all bills and resolutions of a legislative nature shall be read three times in each House before they pass into laws, and shall be signed by the presiding officers of both Houses.—Art. II, sec 23.

I am informed that the bill was not signed after adjournment, because the Speakers supposed they had no such power. And it may be a bad precedent for it to be done after adjournment, for everything necessary to enact laws and give them effect is presumed to have been done while the Assembly is sitting, and with a quorum. But it is a much worse precedent to permit the failure by inadvertence to sign a bill which has passed both Houses according to the established usage in legislative bodies, to operate a nullity, and destroy all the force and vitality which the two Houses could give it by "passing it into a law." If this bill was inadvertantly overlooked and not signed, the omission should be supplied. If any person who was interested in having it defeated, and by any means prevented its being laid before the Speakers for their signatures, such a fraud should not be allowed to set aside the will and act of the two Houses. In either event, it is the duty of the presiding officers to sign the bill after adjournment.

The Constitution commands them to sign all bills which have passed three readings in each House; and while it is usual and proper that this should be done during the session, yet the law does not prohibit them from signing after adjournment in a case where the facts and circumstances, such as the above, so fully show the necessity for it, and so clearly justify it. The evidence in this case is plenary that the bill passed. The part taken by the two Houses has satisfied the requirement of the Constitution so far as they are concerned. Their presiding officers should now perform the part which the same instrument requires of them—affix their signatures that the law may be valid and operative. Even although the bill has "passed into a law by the concurrence of the Houses, yet it amounts to nothing without the signatures of the presiding officers; and their signatures to a bill which has not passed amounts to nothing if it affirmatively appears from the journals that it did not pass. The Constitution requires both the passage and the signatures to give life to the enactment. The signatures are an additional means and constitutional method of authentication and cannot be dispensed with, because the Constitution says: "and shall be signed by the presiding officers of the two Houses."

Suppose the bill to raise and collect revenue had passed under the facts and circumstances attending the school bill, and had not been signed; would the Governor incur the expense to the public of convening the Legislature in extraordinary session that it may be again considered in order to get funds to carry on the government? or would the Speakers sign after adjournment? or would the necessity arise to institute an action to compel them by mandamus to perform the ministerial act of writing their names? I take it they have no discretion about signing a bill whether they approve the wisdom of the legislation or not; and it seems to be clear, therefore, that a mandamus would lie in case of refusal. Cotten v. Ellis, 7 Jones, 545; Bailey v. Caldwell, 68 N. C., 472. And furthermore, if this law remains inoperative by reason of the failure to sign as aforesaid, it amounts to the exercise of a power not granted to any officer of our State government. It would be in effect a veto, brought about by non-action.

Their singnatures are looked upon as constituting an element of some siginficance:—

Where the validity of a private act was questioned because the required thirty days notice of the intended application for the act was not given, the Court held, in the case of an injunction prayed for, that the ratification certified by the Speakers was matter of record, which could not be impeached in a collateral way. Brodnax v. Groom. 64 N. C., 244. And the Journals of the Legislature are also clothed with their share of importance;—If in such case it appeared either from the act itself or from the Journals, which would be competent evidence, that such notice was given, the Courts would probably hold the act void. The best and only proof is by the record, and if that is silent, the presumption is that the Legislature obeyed the Constitution, and that the notice was given. Gatlin v. Town of Tarboro, 78 N. C., 119.

It has also been decided in Illinois that a law appearing upon the statute book, properly signed, is not conclusive that it passed by a constitutional vote; this may be tested by the journals. Turley v. County of Logan, 17 Ill. Rep., 151. In discussing the point raised in the case, the Court say, "that the signatures of the Speakers are presumtive evidence of the passage of the law, and while the absence of the facts in the journals may rebut such presumption, still we cannot doubt the power of the same Legislature, at the same or the subsequent session, to correct his own journals by amendments which show the true facts as they actually occurred, when they are satisfied that by neglect or by design the truth has been omitted or suppressed."

In People v. Bowen, 30 Bard. 24, (New York Reports), an action in the nature of quo warranto was brought against defendant and others for assuming to be and acting as a corporation without authority of law. It was alleged that their charter passed the Assembly on the 5th of April, 1855, and the Senate on the 13th, and the Legislature adjourned on the 14th, and the bill was not signed by the Governor until the 17th. It was insisted that the corporation had no right to exercise its franchises because the act was not approved by the Governor until after adjournment, and for this reason failed to become a law. After providing how bills are to be passed, the Constitution of New York further provided "that every bill which shall have passed the Senate and Assembly, shall before it becomes a law be presented to the Governor for approval," &c. And it was held that the Governor may approve and sign the bill after adjournment so as to render it valid and binding as a law. There, the bill had to be signed before it became a law. Here, all bills shall be read three times in each House before they pass into laws, and shall be signed by the presiding officers. Whilst there is no material or practical difference between the two cases, yet ours is the stronger of the two when viewed in a legal aspect. The approval of the Governor, there, was required before it became a law. The signing by the Speakers, here, is a constitutional method of authentication that it had passed and become a law. True, the Governor continued to be such after adjournment; and it is also true, that it is the universal rule in this country that "the presiding legislative assemblies hold their offices to the end of the term for which their respective legislatures have been elected, notwithstanding any adjournment that may take place in the meantime." Cushing's Law Leg. Assemblies, sec. 286.

I think, therefore, the School Bill should be signed now, after adjournment. And I wish to be understood that I give this opinion upon the facts in this case obtained from the public records in the Secretary of State's office, which fully warrant it. The school law is one in which all our people are concerned, and it is fair to presume that the Legislature intended to advance the educational interest by passing the bill in question. It should be signed and published among the acts of 1879, and if its validity is then doubted, the question would be decided by the courts in a properly constituted case.

Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
THOS. S. KENAN,
Attorney General.

A Female Oliver Twist.

A pretty, modest, neatly-dressed little girl, nine years of age, was before the police court of New York yesterday on a charge of picking the pocket of an old lady at St. Agnes' church while attending a funeral service. The child's innocent face belied the thought of crime, and it was only when the police officer found a couple of pocketbooks upon her that her offence became at all probable. From the report of the proceedings it appears that, with other children like her, she had been inveigled into crime by a girl fourteen years old. In a Sunday school she drew the child's attention, and on going out of doors gave her candies and money, both of which she said she would show her how to procure. Then she directed her to mingle with the crowd in St. Agnes' Church, and showed her how to draw a purse from a sacque. It was about Christmas that she met this girl, and since that the latter has constantly been practicing her system of thieving. Other little girls have been similarly instructed by her, and this small set of offenders have puzzled the police not a little. Naturally imagining such a wholesale system of plunder to be the work of old professionals, they kept a sharp lookout, and have been much perplexed by the absence of known thieves while the offences were continued.

The Time Schedule for Southern Railroads.

PHILADELPHIA, April 16.—The convention which meets semi-annually to arrange the schedule of time for the Southern lines of railroads for the fall and spring, met in the Continental Hotel to-day to decide upon the spring schedule. H. F. Kenny, superintendent of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore railroad, presided, and nearly all the railroads interested were represented. A committee on time card was appointed, and reported against making any material change in the schedule for through trains, leaving the matter of local changes in the hands of the several roads. If there are any changes to be made in the running time the committee will call a special meeting. The action of the committee was indorsed, with a few unimportant changes. It was decided to hold the next meeting at Barnum's Hotel, Baltimore, October 16.

A good Fisherman.

Roanoke News:

Old man Lymus Paul a colored man living in the lower part of the county went fishing the other day and set a "trot" line and left the pond. On his return instead of fish, he had caught a wild duck and an owl. The duck caught the roach with which the hook was baited and was held fast. The owl attempted to catch the duck and striking at him, became entangled in the line and was also fastened. This can be vouched for as true. We have often heard of killing two birds with one stone, but never knew two to be caught with one hook before.

Accident off the Coast.

Elizabeth City Economist.

The Steam Barge, "Scribner," Capt. Quigles, was sunk in Albemarle Sound off the mouth of Big Flatty Creek, on Thursday. The seas swept over her, carrying away the hatches, when she filled and sunk. The Captain's wife and three children who were on board were rescued from drowning by the fishermen.

Sorry for Blaine.

Washington Post.

We are sorry for Blaine. There is good stuff in him. In a fight like this for the people against the assumptions and aggressions of centralized power he ought to have been boldly and unequivocally on their side. The unthinking portion of his party might have denounced him, but in the end he would have been greatly the gainer. Not until the conviction has settled into the minds of the masses that the days of the Republic are numbered will they ever sustain the party or man who consents to place the ballot-box under the protection of the army.

Rear Admiral Lord Aurelius Wentworth Beauclerk, of the British navy, died recently from the effects of falling into his kitchen fire, it is supposed, in a fainting fit.

WRECKED IN A CYCLONE.

A WESTERN VILLAGE SWEPT BY A RESISTLESS GALE.

Seventeen Houses Demolished, and a Church in Which Service was in Progress Partly Wrecked---Exciting Scenes.

ST. LOUIS, April 15.—A cyclone passed over Collinsville, Ill., about eleven miles from here, yesterday, destroying a large amount of property. The two-story frame dwelling of Mrs. Griffithe was demolished; four houses owned by Frederick Metz were badly wrecked, two of them being almost destroyed; the large tenement-house of C. L. Roberts, occupied by eleven persons, was twisted from its foundation, carried about ten feet, and nearly gutted of its contents, the inmates escaping with slight scratches and bruises; the tenement-house, also owned by C. L. Roberts, occupied by Reynolds and Doner, was completely demolished; the dwelling of Mr. Roebuck, occupied by William Johnson, editor of the Argus, was unroofed; the handsome brick residence of Frederick Metz was unroofed and the front and side walls blown down; the rear of the house, in which the Metz family lived, is uninjured; a two-story frame house, occupied by Joseph Combs, was almost totally wrecked; the roof of this house was dashed against the residence of W. C. Heedly, smashing its rear rooms into splinters; a residence occupied by Charles Henricke and Wm. Haas was nearly torn to pieces, the inmates escaping unhurt; the blacksmith shop of Mr. Mendler was torn to shreds; the wagon shop of John Grosour, a large, two-story frame building, well filled with wagons, carriages and materials, was totally destroyed, with its contents; a cluster of tenement-houses, owned by Richard Withers, were badly damaged, the occupants escaping unharmed; a carpenter shop and house occupied by W. W. Nelson were wrecked, Mr. Nelson, his wife and two small children being more or less hurt; a large, two-story frame building, occupied by Henry Huffenbeck as a saloon and boarding-house, had its porch, about 75 feet long and 18 feet high, carried away; the roof of the house of Louis Heck was lifted off, and all the four walls were crushed in—a total wreck; the millinery store of C. A. Singletary was badly damaged and the stock nearly destroyed.

The Episcopal church was badly shaken up. A funeral service was going on in the church at the time, and the falling plaster and flying window-glass bruised and cut nearly all the people present. Other shops and dwellings were damaged. Fences, plank sidewalks, trees, outhouses and stables were blown to pieces or carried away, and gardens, etc., were destroyed.

The storm, as usual, had a rotary motion, and struck and bounded from the earth three times during its passage through the town. Its width was only from sixty to eighty feet. One of the evidences of its force was the picking up of a horse and buggy, which were carried at a height of twenty to thirty feet about fifteen rods and dashed to the earth, the horse being crushed to a jelly and the wagon broken into splinters. The cemetery just outside the town was laid waste, almost every tombstone being leveled to the ground. The storm disappeared in the east, and there are reports that it did damage elsewhere, but they are not yet confirmed. The total damage in Collinsville is estimated at $50,000.

Owed to Spring.

JOHN PHŒNIX'S OPINIONS, AS GOOD NOW AS EVER.

Well, Spring, youv cum at last, hev you?
The poit sez youv bin a-sittin' in old Winter's
Lap—now ain't you ashamed of yourself?
I s'pose the old feller's bin a-bussin' you;
I should think he had from your breth
A bein' so cold—but that's the way them
Old fellers hev a-doin'.

Well, as I was sayin',
Youv cum at last with your "banny Breth" a-blowin' from the Northwes—
Wesconstant or Nebrasky, I s'pose,
Great countries for bam I reckin'.

Now youv cum when
Evrybodi's feed and Korn and things
Hev all been fed out! Now luck at
Our Kritters, will ye? See our Katt!
On the left, a-hevin' to be steadied by
Thur tales when they gits up a-mornings!
Luk at our hossis wat's all rejuced
To skeletons a-weepin' over a troft:
A hull troft full of kobs!
A hull troft full of bitter reckleckshuns!

Look at them shepe a-lien' in
The fens corners a-waitin' for grass!
Yis! and they've bin a-waitin' some ov
Them weex! And if they wasn't
Puld they'd a bin "shakin' their lox
At yu an' sed—U dun it!" (That thur
Is from Hamlet, won of Shakspur's plais.)
As another poit sez—"Grass riffused makes
The stumak ake." So these sleepe will
Never open their i onto grass agin—no.

See the shotes
A lenin' on the fens to squele!
Luk at them mity eres "a-hangin' pendint"
Onto such little hogs! See a hundrid
Gud shotes reduced down to a even
Korn basket full!
Yes, that thurs ol yer doin's, U
Tardi, loiterin' Spring!—a-hangin' back
As youv bin a-doin'!

But now youv cum!
We feel your cheerin' presenz wen we
Git round onto the south side ov the barn!
We heer the hens a-kaklin' when they've
Laid a eg! We see the horse-radish
A starting up alongside the garding
Fens! The wimmin is a-lukin' into
The old tea-pot after garding seeds,
And all these things make me think youv cum!

Ef so be I've riled
Ye, Spring, a-showing up ov yer short-cummings,
Jest set it down to havin' poit's lisens,
(Tho' I hain't taken wun out, yet I 'low to.)

The Fish Trade of Elizabeth City.

Elizabeth City Economist.

This trade has grown to large propotions within a few years. The market value of the fish sent off this season, in the steamers of the D. S. S. T. Co., through the Dismal Swamp Canal, will exceed one hundred thousand dollrrs. Yesterday morning 400 boxes were shipped, the market value of which was not less than ten thousand dollars. This trade will increase every year.

DAILY NEWS

HUSSEY & JORDAN, PROPRIETORS

JOHN B. HUSSEY, - - Editor.

SATURDAY - - - - APRIL 19, 1879

THE SITUATION IN ZULULAND.

The exact condition of affairs in Zululand, according to the latest advices, is this: On the south side of the Tugala River there are at this moment 1,200 cavalry, 14,000 infantry and 35 guns, all from England, in readiness for the operations, which, it is hoped, will not only relieve Col. Pearson from his perilous position, but retrieve the recent disasters, and bring the war against King Cetawayo to a successful close.

The Zulu King, however, is in excellent trim for making a desperate fight. He has caused all the roads along which the English columns can advance to be broken up; the bridges have been destroyed, the ravines deepened, and countless trees felled so as to lie across the roads. At many places where these obstructions are the most formidable; Cetewayo has constructed earthworks on the flank, defended by abattas, and every mile of the advance of the English may have to be fought for.

It is stated that, while hoping to prevent the advance of his foe to any great distance by these means, Cetewayo has prepared, as a post upon which to fall back if necessary an almost inaccessible fortress, thirty miles north of Ulandi. The advance of the British column is expected to begin to-day; but news fro n it cannot be expected here before the 5th or 6th of May. Among the relatives and friends of the officers and soldiers in the expedition, very lively anxiety exists as to the outcome.

FIVE ARMIES IN TURKEY.

It is reported in Government circles that an agreement between the Powers in reference to the control of the Turkish provinces now occupied by Russian troops has at last been reached. It is understood that the arrangement for the mixed occupation of Eastern Roumelia will be carried out, notwithstanding the protests recently made against the plan. The army of occupation will be furnished by Turkey, Russia, England, Austria and Italy. Turkey will garrison the southern frontier, while Russia will take care of the north; and the Italian, Austrian and English soldiers will occupy posts in the interior. The number of troops which each of these Powers is to furnish is 3,000 men of all arms. The opinion gathers strength, however, that the Sultan, who is vehemently opposed to this mixed occupation, may again throw fresh obstacles in its way, especially if he resolves to side with the Khedive—an event which is said to grow more and more probable.

DUNN, BARLOW & Co.'s circular for the three months ending March 31, 1879, shows a very considerable reduction in the number of failures and amount of liabilities in the United States as compared with the same periods in 1878 and 1877. For the first quarter of 1879 the failures were 2,524, against 3,355 in 1878 and 2,869 in 1877. In 1879 the liabilities amounted to $43,112,665, against $82,-078,825 in 1878 and $54,538,070 in 1877. It is not exactly fair to compare the first quarter of the present year with that of 1878, since last year the number of failures was greatly increased by the impending repeal of the Federal bankrupt law, but comparisons with 1877 are entirely admissible. From these figures it appears that the decrease in the total number of failures in 1879 from those in 1877 has been 345, a reduction of one-eighth, and in the amount of liabilities of $11,425,405, or one-fifth the whole. The losses by failures in the Middle States have fallen off $8,993,707, or nearly one-third; in the Western States $7,-165,177, or nearly one-half. In the Southern and the Pacific States, owing to the injuries to trade done by the yellow fever in one section and to the disastrous losses by speculative mining in the other, the increase in the amount of liabilities by failure was $4,601,045, equal to 53 per cent. These figures are very encouraging, since they show a substantial gain of health in the great business centres and the great producing centres as well. The average amount of liabilities to failures has also decreased in a remarkable way, being $24,464 in 1878 and $19,012 in 1877, but only $17,080 in 1879. All these facts are contributions to the accumulating evidence of the turn of the tide.

A RECENT report of the New York board of health shows a great variety of deaths by accidents. A boy died of a fracture received while playing football. This circumstance suggests a timely warning for impetuous and incautious ball-players, who will soon be tempted to their favorite sport. A man was killed by an iron ball thrown from a sling. If the army of boys who hunt the birds of the city with bullets and stones which they hurl with great force from slings and rubber shooters, wish to become acquainted with prison they will disregard the fact noted above, and will continue in the evil of their ways. Hot tea fatally scalded one person; hot soup another; hot coffee killed two, while as many as ten persons lost their lives by getting, literally, "into hot water." One person drank kerosene oil and died. Kerosene is no more to be recommended as a beverage than as a fire-kindler. Those who fasted faithfully during Lent will read with interest that at least one person who tried to eat meat during that period strangled in the attempt.

EDISON has been interviewed some more, and he still insists that his electric light is a success, and that the light will be furnished at a cost one-third less than is now paid for gas. This seems to be a concession that his invention will not accomplish what was first claimed, that it would reduce the cost of light to less than half the price of gas. It is noted, too, that the time for exhibiting the electric light at Menlo Park in a convincing way has been yet further postponed. On the whole, the price of gas stocks will not be apt to fall materially on the strength of the latest bulletin from Menlo Park.

KELLY, of Pennsylvania, made a speech in the House Thursday on the legislative bill that pleased neither party. He said that he would vote for the repeal of "that exasperating incongruity," the test oath—the repeal of the clause authorizing the presence of troops at the polls—the repeal of the law creating deputy marshals—a modification of the supervisor law, provided these measures are introduced as separate bills. He tore the gauze away and exposed Garfield's hypocracy and inconsistency, in denouncing as "revolutionary" the action of the Democrats in "talking" legislation on appropriation bills. He warned both parties that the people were silent but deeply interested spectators to the agitation now in progress. He was followed by Carlisle, Kentucky's great lawyer, in a masterly constitutional argument.

THE Republican organs raised a great hue and cry a short time ago to the effect that the Democrats, when they came into power in Congress, would bankrupt the Treasury by the payment of Southern war claims. When General Bragg proposed to abolish the whole business of Southern claims, he was supported by nearly the whole Democratic vote, but the Republicans with the aid of Border State Democrats, defeated the proposition. We shall be pleased to hear what the organs have to say upon the subject now. The simple truth is that this costly and dishonest system of war claims was created and has been maintained by the Republicans in Congress, to the great discredit of the party, and the Southern Democrats have made their record in this respect unassailable.

BRAGG, a waspish little Wisconsin congressman, of strong Democratic tendencies, punctured the Cape Fear windbag in this exasperating style:

Was North Carolina loyal? When did the gentleman from that State (Mr. Russell) learn about those gallant, "loyal" people of North Carolina. Serving from a State where, under carpet-bag rule, a confederate captain could leave the army to go to the Legislature and from thence graduate a republican judge without ever having been an inmate of a law office, to him the rules of law and evidence adopted by the court of commissioners of claims seems wise and fitting and meets with favor.

CAPT. EADS says there are now twenty-seven feet of water the entire length of his Mississippi jetties. He has strengthened the sea end of his jetties by a concrete capping which stands two and a half feet above average high tide. The capping is made in seventy-ton blocks of cement, sand, gravel and broken stone, which are mixed in molds, and left till they harden. They are then placed on the willow mattresses which form the jetties, and protected on the seaward side by stone and gravel, driving all the water down the channel, and forming a wall that will be permanent.

ADVICES from Alaska show that the danger of an outbreak on the part of the natives was not so serious as earlier reports indicated. The Indians were noisy and somewhat aggressive when under the influence of drink, and the absence of all authority made their maudlin threats particularly unpleasant. The chiefs profess friendship for the whites, and there is little probability that they will cause trouble. They certainly will not if ordinary common sense is shown in their treatment.

WHEN Russell was twitted by Warner, of Ohio, on his Confederate record his manly breast swelled with patriotism and he fiercly retorted: "Yes, sir, and I have no apology to offer." This retort did not reach the reporter's ear. A Republican on the floor of Congress vindicating the "lost cause." Beside this exhibition the howl of Garfield and Blaine sounds silly.

PUBLIC men whose lives have been made miserable by the insatiate interviewer will perhaps take a hint from Wendell Phillips. The "silver-tongued orator," when approached the other day for his views on the negro exodus from the south, blandly responded, "I have no views."

MARSHAL MACMAHON at least did not make money in office. On the contrary, while President he expended $100,000 annually of his private fortune, and his fine estates are all mortgaged. Notwithstanding this fact he has resolutely refused a gift from the national exchequer.

THE United States Supreme Court will be seven hundred and fifty cases, or two years behind when it adjourns May 12. The court is not gaining on its calendar either, as the number of cases involving constitutional questions is growing larger.

THE hard times in Germany have given a strong impulse to emigration. Some families are settling in Southern Russia, and in all parts of the country. Large parties are reported to be forming for removal to the United States.

The Spy Andre's Memory.

Cyrus Field bought a plat of land on which, as tradition reports, John Andre was hanged, and in due time a sightly stone is to be erected and inscribed at Field's sole expense, setting forth the English spy's virtues. Besides the principal inscription, furnished by Dean Stanley, Mr. Field decided to enrich the stone with appropriate quotations from Virgil and Fenimore Cooper and George Washington and Alexander Hamilton. Mr. Field's idea, as expounded by himself, is that the spots on which historical events have occurred should be marked. He would do as much in the case of Satan himself, he says, as he has done in that of Andre.

An Eagle in Weldon.

Roanoke News,

Last Saturday morning a large eagle was seen on the edge of town and a young man went out to murder him. Before getting within range the eagle flew away. When he spread his wings to rise they looked like large clouds, and as he flapped them, he knocked down eleven large trees and carried off a large fat ox, who as he was borne away, gave a last long lingering look to the scenes of his calf hood.

Give him the belt, Eli Perkins is nowhere.

Pope Leo XIII does not like to give audiences to promiscuous strangers, many of them being Protestants attracted by curiosity.

TUTT'S PILLS.

SYMPTOMS OF A

TORPID LIVER.

Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Pain in the Head, with a Dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness; Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache generally over the right eye, Restlessness with fitful dreams, highly colored Urine.

IF THESE WARNINGS ARE UNHEEDED, SERIOUS DISEASES WILL SOON BE DEVELOPED.

TUTT'S PILLS

are especially adapted to such cases, a single dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.

A NOTED DIVINE SAYS:

DR. TUTT:—Dear Sir; For ten years I have been a martyr to Dyspepsia, Constipation and Piles. Last Spring your Pills were recommended to me. I used them (but with little faith). I am now a well man, have good appetite, digestion perfect, regular stools, piles gone, and I have gained forty pounds solid flesh. They are worth their weight in gold.

REV. E. H. SUMPSON, Louisville, Ky.

The first effect of TUTT'S PILLS is to Increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced.

DR. J. F. HAYWOOD, OF NEW YORK, SAYS:—

"Few diseases exist that cannot be relieved by restoring the Liver to its normal functions, and for this purpose no remedy has ever been invented that has as happy an effect as TUTT'S PILLS."

SOLD EVERYWHERE, PRICE 25 CENTS.

Office 35 Murray Street, New York.

TUTT'S HAIR DYE.

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a Natural Color, acts Instantaneously, and is as Harmless as spring water. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.

Office, 35 Murray St., New York.

Thos. H. Briggs & Sons,

BRIGGS BUILDING,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

Dealers in all styles of

CHILDRENS' CARRIAGES

Of Superior Finish, Neatness and Durability. We offer

Best Goods at Lowest Prices.

SQUARE DEALING.

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45 Years Before the Public.

THE GENUINE

DR. C. McLANE'S

CELEBRATED

LIVER PILLS

FOR THE CURE OF

Hepatitis, or Liver Complaint,

DYSPEPSIA AND SICK HEADACHE

Symptoms of a Diseased Liver.

PAIN in the right side, under the edge of the ribs, increases on pressure; sometimes the pain is in the left side; the patient is rarely able to lie on the left side; sometimes the pain is felt under the shoulder blade, and it frequently extends to the top of the shoulder, and is sometimes mistaken for rheumatism in the arm. The stomach is affected with loss of appetite and sickness; the bowels in general are costive, sometimes alternative with lax; the head is troubled with pain, accompanied with a dull, heavy sensation in the back part. There is generally a considerable loss of memory, accompanied with a painful sensation of having left undone something which ought to have been done. A slight, dry cough is sometimes an attendant. The patient complains of weariness and debility; he is easily startled, his feet are cold or burning, and he complains of a prickly sensation of the skin; his spirits are low; and although he is satisfied that exercise would be beneficial to him, yet he can scarcely summon up fortitude enough to try it. In fact, he distrusts every remedy. Several of the above symptoms attend the disease, but cases have occurred where few of them existed, yet examination of the body, after death, has shown the LIVER to have been extensively deranged.

AGUE AND FEVER

DR. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, IN CASES OF AGUE AND FEVER, when taken with Quinine, are productive of the most happy results. No better cathartic can be used, preparatory to, or after taking Quinine. We would advise all who are afflicted with this disease to give them a FAIR TRIAL.

For all bilious derangements, and as a simple purgative, they are unequaled.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

The genuine are never sugar coated.

Every box has a red wax seal on the lid, with the impression DR. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS.

The genuine McLANE'S LIVER PILLS bear the signatures of C. McLANE and FLEMING BROS. on the wrappers.

Insist upon having the genuine DR. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., the market being full of imitations of the name *McLane*, spelled differently but same pronunciation.

DISSOLUTION.

The partnership heretofore existing between Gattis, Jones & Ellis is dissolved by mutual consent. All parties indebted to said firm will please make immediate payment to J. A. Jones.

Gattis, Jones & Ellis.

NEW FIRM.

J. A. JONES. A. H. GREEN. A. M. POWELL.

Jones, Green & Powell.

(Successors to Gattis, Jones & Ellis.)

Wholesale dealers in

Meal, Flour,
Mill Feed, Grain,
Fodder, Hay, Coal,
Wood, Lumber and Shingles,

As low as the lowest for cash.

Jones, Green & Powell.

ap16dtf.

$15,000 FOR $1

IN THE

KENTUCKY STATE LOTTERY.

Which draws April 15, 1879.

AN EXCELLENT INVESTMENT.

Don't overlook the opportunity.

SCHEME:

1 prize of	$15,000 is	$15,000
1 prize of	8,000 is	8,000
1 prize of	5,000 is	5,000
2 prizes of	2,500 are	5,000
2 prizes of	1,000 are	2,000
10 prizes of	500 are	5,000
50 prizes of	100 are	5,000
100 prizes of	50 are	5,000
200 prizes of	25 are	5,000
500 prizes of	10 are	5,000
1000 prizes of	5 are	5,000
37 Approximation prizes amounting to		2,925
1,894 prizes amounting to		$87,925

WHOLE TICKETS $1.

Club rates upon application.

All the above prizes will be drawn at this drawing.

The following numbers drew the first three prizes in the ordinary drawing of February 28:

No. 72,207 drew $14,000.
SOLD IN ALBANY.
No. 40,497 drew $8,000.
SOLD IN NEW YORK.
No. 27,510 drew $4,000.
SOLD IN PITTSBURGH.

Address all orders to our General Eastern Agents,
WILLIAMSON & Co., 599 Broadway, N. Y.

The Kentucky State Lottery has, during its existence, paid more money in prizes than any lottery, domestic or foreign, whose tickets are sold in this country. The drawings take place twice a month, under sworn commissioners of the State, and are published in the N. Y. Herald, Staats Zeitung, and Louisville Commercial. And all out-of-town ticket holders are mailed a copy of the Official Drawing as soon as received. All prizes are cashed, without deduction, on presentation, and no one outside of the winners are made aware of the fact of their being richer by thousands of dollars but themselves, for we will not, under any circumstances, publish the names of persons drawing Capital Prizes for the purpose of drawing custom to our lottery.

The next drawing April 30, 1879.

SIMMONS & DICKINSON, Managers.

Reliable agents wanted in every town.

apl 10-td

L. S. L.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO win a fortune. Fifth Grand Distribution, Class E, at New Orleans, Tuesday, May 13th, 1879—108th Monthly Drawing.

Louisiana State Lottery Company.

This institution was regularly incorporated by the Legislature of the State for Educational and Charitable purposes in 1868 for the term of Twenty-five Years, to which contract the inviolable faith of the State is pledged, with a capital of $1,000,000, to which it has since added a reserve fund of $350,000. Its grand single number distribution will take place monthly on the second Tuesday. It never scales or postpones. Look at the following Distribution:

CAPITAL PRIZE, $30,000.

100,000 Tickets at Two Dollars Each.

HALF-TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR.

LIST OF PRIZES:

1 Capital Prize		$30,000
1 Capital Prize		10,000
1 Capital Prize		5,000
2 Prizes of	$2,500	5,000
5 Prizes of	1,000	5,000
20 Prizes of	500	10,000
100 Prizes of	100	10,000
200 Prizes of	50	10,000
500 Prizes of	20	10,000
1000 Prizes of	10	10,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

9 Approximation prizes of	$300,	2,700
9 Approximation prizes of	200,	1,800
9 Approximation prizes of	100,	900
1857 Prizes, amounting to		$110,400

Responsible corresponding agents wanted at all prominent points, to whom a liberal compensation will be paid.

Application for rates to clubs should only be made to the Home Office in New Orleans. Write, clearly stating full address, for further information, or send orders to

M. A. DAUPHIN,
P. O. Box 692, New Orleans, La.

All our Grand Extraordinary Drawings are under the supervision and management of Generals G. T. Beauregard and J. A. Early.

april 10-dw&siw

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous, and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich, glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists,

LOWELL, MASS.

Economy is Wealth!

Use French's India Rubber Cement for mending Furniture, Toys, Glassware, China, &c. Every family should have a vial in the house. Manufactured by

WM. E. FRENCH,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
Petersburg, Va.

For sale by Wm. Simpson, F. H. Hartt, Druggist, Raleigh, N. C.

nov 1-d6m

Notice of Dissolution.

The copartnership of Adams & Bingham is dissolved by mutual consent, and the business of the firm will be settled by Lynn Adams.

LYNN ADAMS,
B. S. BINGHAM.

All who are indebted to us are requested to come forward and settle, as the business of the firm must be settled.

A. & B.

NOTICE.

I will continue business at my old stand, and will be pleased to serve my customers as usual, and hope my friends and customers will call as usual. Thankful for the patronage of the past, I trust they will continue the same in the future.

LYNN ADAMS.

April 3, 1879.

Street's National Hotel,

CAPITOL SQUARE,

RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA.

S. R. STREET & SON,

OWNERS AND PROPRIETORS.

OVERLOOKS UNION AND CAPITOL SQUARE,

Finest Park in the State, and open at all times to Guests of the House.

THE GASTON HOUSE,

NEW BERNE, N. C.,

S. R. STREET & SON, Proprietors.

S. R. STREET, SR. WM. J. STREET.

april 2-dm

TRY US!

J. A. BRAGASSA,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

CONFECTIONER

AND

Candy Manufacturer,

NO. 16 FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

RALEIGH, N. C.,

Keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of the finest

FRENCH AND PLAIN CANDIES.

City and surrounding merchants would do well to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. april 2-tf

REDUCTION OF PRICES!

—THE—

GRAND PACIFIC HOTEL,

CHICAGO.

The Finest Ventilated Hotel in America.

And one of the Largest (having over 500 Rooms, 250 en-suite, with Baths and Closets attached) and Most Elegantly Furnished Hotels in this country.

TERMS.—ROOMS WITH BOARD, $3.00 to $3.50 per Day. Baths and Parlors Extra.

A reduction from the above prices to parties remaining a week or more.

John B. Drake & Co.,
Proprietors.

april 2-codtf

Valuable Roanoke Land FOR SALE.

BY decree of the Supreme Court of North Carolina, we will sell at the courthouse door in Jackson, Northampton county, N. C.

On Tuesday, June 3, 1879,

that valuable tract of land in said county of Northampton, known as "POLENTA," containing

2,300 Acres, More or Less,

adjoining lands of Dr. Jacobs and others.

TERMS: One-third cash; balance in one and two years, with interest.

JNO. DEVEREUX, }
WALTER CLARK, } Comm'rs.

April 3—2m

Stronach & Allcott have just received a car loads of hay, and a large lot of meal, which they will sell lower than the lowest.

GEO. M. SMEDES,

Attorney-at-Law.

Office in the Pullen Building, two doors above Yarboro House.

apr3-dtu

PRESCRIPTION FREE

For the speedy Cure of Seminal Weakness, Lost Manhood, Premature Debility, Nervousness, Despondency, Confusion of Ideas, Aversion to Society, Defective Memory, and all Disorders Brought on by Secret Habits and Excesses. Any Druggist has the ingredients. Address,

DR. JAQUES & CO.,
130 West Sixth St., CINCINNATI, OHIO.

H. J. MYERS,

DEALER IN

FINE LIQUORS

—AND—

DOMESTIC & IMPORTED CIGARS.

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

Between Gulley's and the Citizens' National Bank, Hardin & Grimes' old Stand.

The following fine brands of Liquors are kept constantly on hand:

Old Nectar, 1310, Whiskies.
Gibson XXXX "
Gibson XXX "
Roberson County, (6 years old.)
Old Kentucky Rye, (years old.)
Otard Hennessy Brandy, Imported Stock.
Genuine Port Wine, our own importation.
Schiedam Gin, very fine.
Blackberry Brandy, (4 years old.)
Apple Brandy, (4 years old.)
Old N. C. Corn Whisky, Sweet Mash.

Also will have in stock, Imported Ales Porters, Dublin, Stout, Milwaukee and St. Louis Bottled Lager Beer, Champagnes and Wines of all descriptions too numerous to mention.

Attached to my establishment, I have added a retail

Cigar & Tobacco Department,

In which can be found all brands of DOMESTIC and HAVANA CIGARS.

CIGARETTES, Hall's "Behind the Scenes."
" " "Between the Acts."
" Kinney's "Sweet Caporal."

and a full line of Smoking and Fine Chewing Tobacco.

I have contracted with Mr. Leopold, the well known cigar manufacturer of Raleigh, to furnish me with some of his celebrated and reliable brands of cigars, and hope by patronizing home industries, and catering for the citizens in general of Raleigh, (the finest goods to be obtained in the world) to deserve a portion of their patronage.

march 21-3m.

Dread and despair fall upon the community when a terrible epidemic, like the cholera or yellow fever, suddenly desolates our homes, yet, all the while, a more insidious, but no less fatal foe, enters thousands of households every year and carries off the flower of the family in the early flush of manly youth and budding womanhood. People call it presumption, or "decline." It is not, in most cases, the tubercular phthisis or consumption of the lungs, which is the peculiar malady in climates like those of that British Islands and New England, but a general decay or arrest of the vital processes of nutrition. All the doctors agree that there is no remedy for this but Cod Liver Oil but they are constantly met by the obstacle of inability on the part of the patient to swallow or retain it. This repulsion is entirely overcome by Scott's Emulsion of the Oil with the hypophosphites of Lime and Soda which is agreeable to the taste and an unequaled nutrient and tonic for the body, nerves and brain.

I offer for sale a Handsome CHESTNUT MARE, five running, walker under saddle and in better rounded in harness either single or double, 16 hands, stylish and an easy driver.

Also, a fine BAY SADDLE HORSE 5 years old, 16½ hands, sound and kind.

Also, and better, a fine BAY HARNESS MARE 9 years old, 15½ hands, fast trotter and walker, sound, true and kind in all harness. The above horses are consigned and will be shown to those parties desiring to examine them.

W. C. McMACKIN.

B. B. Massenburg,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

LOUISBURG, N. C.

Office in the Court House.

19t

DR. ALLEN'S

Dr. J. C. Allen

LIGHTNING CURE,

THE STANDARD REMEDY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

For Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Cholera, Cholic, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Pleurisy, Lame Back, Pains in the side,

LIVER AND KIDNEY DISEASES.

CURE OF

DEAFNESS A Specialty.

No Iodides nor Mercury. Nothing to paralize the nervous system to make it insensible to pain, but purely a vegetable compound—Roots and Herbs. None genuine without my Portrait and Signature.

For sale by WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD, Wholesale Druggists, Raleigh, N. C.

april 11-d1m

More Goods

AND

Cheap Goods

Arriving daily at the Busy Store of

CHRISTOPHERS & SORRELL

HARGETT STREET.

We are receiving daily all kinds of Groceries, which we intend to sell cheap for CASH.

SEED OATS.

Another Car Load just arrived of the finest Seed Oats brought to the City. Call and examine them.

ONION SETTS AND OTHER SEEDS

on hand, wholesale and retail.

FLOUR! FLOUR!!

Car Load of Flour and Meal just received.

MEAT MARKET

Always supplied with the finest Beeves and Pork Sausage a specialty. In fact everything kept in a first class Grocery Store.

PLOUGH! PLOUGH!!

Call and see our New Patent Raleigh No. 4 Plough, the best Plough made. We are the sole Agents for the city.

ATHENS, GA., December 8, 1878.

A few nights since I gave my son one dose of the Worm Oil, and the next day he passed sixteen large worms. At the same time I gave one to my little girl, four years old, and she passed eighty-six worms from four to fifteen inches long.

W. P. PHILLIPS.

Worm Oil for sale by Druggists generally. Cured by E. S. LYNDON, Athens, Ga.

March 4-d W&Sly

A. W. FRAPS,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Agent for

TOM COOPER'S

LAUREL VALLEY

CENTENNIAL OLD RYE

AND

Wheat Whiskey,

A large lot always on hand from two to four years old, universally acknowledged to be

The finest Whisky made in the South.

Persons wishing

Strictly Pure Spirits

For Medical and other purposes can get any size package

From 3 to 50 Gallons,

By addressing T. N. COOPER,
Eagle Mills P. O., Iredell county, N. C.

THE

OVAL CAKE

COLGATE & CO'S

"NEW"

SOAP.

SAVES WASTE.

FOR LAUNDRY USE.

THE MODEL PRESS

is the simplest, easiest running, fastest and most perfect press ever invented, and guaranteed to be

Thoroughly Reliable

Any smart boy can manage it, and do hundreds of dollars worth of work a year. It saves business men all their printing bills. Presses as low as $3. For business printing, $10 to $35. Rotary foot power, $100 to $160. Over 6,000 now in use, and a Prize Medal awarded at the Paris Exposition.

The Leading Press of the World.

A handsomely illustrated 124 page book, entitled HOW TO PRINT and copy of the PRINTER'S GUIDE, with full particulars, mailed for 10 cents. Address

J. W. DAUGHADAY & CO., Inventors and Manufrs.
No. 723 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

THE GENUINE

DR. C. McLANE'S

Celebrated American

WORM SPECIFIC

OR

VERMIFUGE.

SYMPTOMS OF WORMS.

THE countenance is pale and leaden-colored, with occasional flushes, or a circumscribed spot on one or both cheeks; the eyes become dull; the pupils dilate; an azure semicircle runs along the lower eye-lid; the nose is irritated, swells, and sometimes bleeds; a swelling of the upper lip; occasional headache, with humming or throbbing of the ears; an unusual secretion of saliva; slimy or furred tongue; breath very foul, particularly in the morning; appetite variable, sometimes voracious, with a gnawing sensation of the stomach, at others, entirely gone; fleeting pains in the stomach; occasional nausea and vomiting; violent pains throughout the abdomen; bowels irregular, at times costive; stools slimy, not unfrequently tinged with blood; belly swollen and hard; urine turbid; respiration occasionally difficult, and accompanied by hiccough; cough sometimes dry and convulsive; uneasy and disturbed sleep, with grinding of the teeth; temper variable, but generally irritable, &c.

Whenever the above symptoms are found to exist,

DR. C. McLANE'S VERMIFUGE will certainly effect a cure.

IT DOES NOT CONTAIN MERCURY in any form; it is an innocent preparation, *not capable of doing the slightest injury to the most tender infant.*

The genuine DR. McLANE'S VERMIFUGE bears the signatures of C. McLANE and FLEMING BROS. on the wrapper.

—:o:—

DR. C. McLANE'S

LIVER PILLS

are not recommended as a remedy "for all the ills that flesh is heir to," but in affections of the liver, and in all Bilious Complaints, Dyspepsia and Sick Headache, or diseases of that character, they stand without a rival.

AGUE AND FEVER.

No better cathartic can be used preparatory to, or after taking Quinine.

As a simple purgative they are unequaled.

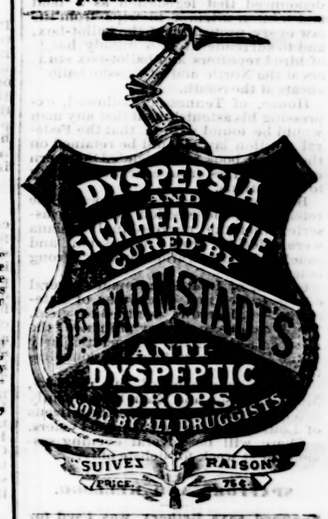
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

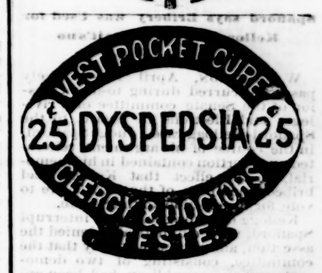
The genuine are never sugar coated.

Each box has a red wax seal on the lid, with the impression DR. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS.

Each wrapper bears the signatures of C. McLANE and FLEMING BROS.

Insist upon having the genuine Dr. C. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS, prepared by Fleming Bros., of Pittsburgh, Pa., the market being full of imitations of the name *McLane*, spelled differently but same pronunciation.





It is an excellent corrective of Indigestion I have used it with prompt beneficial results.

Rev. Dr. Mangum, Prof. Univ. of N. C.

I concur with Bishop Doggett in his estimate of the Vest Pocket Cure.

Rev. Drs Jeter, Broaddus, Dickinson, (Bap.)

It is endorsed by the direct personal testimony of men of national fame and strictness of speech. It is not too much to say that no medicine ever had such support in its favor as a specific. The word of any one of the eminent divines who underwrite this antidote to dyspepsia has deserved weight. Their unbidden witness join with the experimental use and approval of the preparation by well-known physicians, removes all doubt. It is beyond question a powerful therapentical agent.—Baptist Religious Herald, Va

Chaplain Randolph Macon College, Va.

Many cases of Dyspepsia within my knowledge have been cured by it. Cramps, Colics, Headaches and all sorts of pains from indigestion yield promptly to it. The cures of this sort are innumerable.

Rev. R. L. Dabney, L. L. D. Ham. Sid. Col., Va.

It is highly esteemed here by the regular Medical Faculty and the people. It is excellent for indigestion and Flatulent Colic, sedative, soporific, tonic, slightly aperent, without nausea.

Rev. B. F. Woodward, P. E., Na. Conf,

About twelve years I suffered from Dyspepsia. Falling in with this remedy, I gave it a fair trial. After its use I could eat anything with impunity. I am sure I am indebted to this medicine for what of health and physical comfort I have had for the last sixteen years. I have known many since to be relieved by its use.

Rev Robert W. Watts, A. M., Va.

I have used the mixture in my family for years, and have taken it for a Dyspepsia Colic, which threatened my life, and was cured, eating any diet without hurt. I have recommended it to other sufferers with happiest results. It is the best tonic and corrective I ever knew. For prostration from Dyspepsia or Liver Disease it is invaluable.

J. D. Eggleston, M. D., Va.

It is a highly valuable remedy, and is more extensively used than any single article in the whole list of medicines so far as I observed in my practice, for all the complaints it professes from indigestion. I use it and recommend it.

Editor Richmond Christian Advocate.

This remedy is of tried virtue. I have seen Dyspepsia cured completely by it. It seems to be an antidote to our "Nation Disease." The ingredients are not kept by the apothecaries, and have been difficult to get.

Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold by all druggists. In Raleigh, by

Pescud, Lee & Co., and Williams & Haywood.

m re-14-tf.

DAILY NEWS

SATURDAY - - - - APRIL 19, 1879.

No Time Like the Present.

Now is the time to buy goods cheap, at Law's "china and silver" warehouse. We must reduce our enormous stock before the dull summer months, and to parties wishing triple-plated casters, forks, spoons, &c., china, cutlery or glassware we have special bargains to offer. Call early and get prices or send for price list before buying elsewhere.

Gun and Locksmiths.

Brockwell & King, near the rear of the U. S. Court House, on Salisbury street, are prepared to repair in first-class style, Breech-loading and Muzzle-loading Shot Guns and fire arms of every description. They also repair Door Locks, Trunk Locks, and locks of all patterns, Umbrellas, Parasols, Fluting machines, and everything in the line of small hardware, either brass, steel or iron. Sign and Bell hanging a specialty. Orders from a distance will receive special attention. Keys fitted to residences on short notice. All work warranted.

Particular Notice.

Business men and others in need of Book and Job Printing of any kind should remember that the NEWS Job Office is the place to have it done neatly, cheaply and at the shortest notice.

Our country is getting to be fearfully alarming, the average of life being lessened every year, without any reasonable cause, death resulting generally from the most insignificant organ. At this season of the year especially, a cold is such a common thing that in the hurry of every day life we are apt to overlook the dangers attending it and often find too late that a fever or lung trouble has already set in. Thousands lose their lives in this way every winter, while had Boschee's German Syrup been taken, a cure would have resulted, and a large bill from a doctor been avoided. For all diseases of the throat and lungs, Boschee's German Syrup has proved itself to be the greatest discovery of its kind in medicine. Every Druggist in this country will tell you of its wonderful effect. Over 950,000 bottles sold last year without a single failure known.

d&w tf.

Martin & Osborne.

Just received at their grain and feed store Western North Carolina R. R. depot.

1000 bus. Oats.
1000 " Corn.
20000 lbs Timothy Hay.
20000 " N. C. Hay.
20000 " Meal.
1 car load of Shingles,

Promptly delivered any where in the city.

Night Shirts.

Best quality, cut long and well made, at $1.00. The lowest price in the city, at R. B. Andrews & Co., Clothiers and Hatters.

Land for Sale.

A beautiful little farm of eighty-seven and one-half (87½) acres, situated on the Louisburg road, about seven miles from Raleigh. Can be bought on reasonable terms by applying to

LATTA & MYATT.

Wanted.

A lady of many years experience in teaching, desires to obtain board in exchange for instruction in music, or teaching other branches, a few hours daily. Reference given. Address "Teacher," care of editor NEWS.

For Sale,

Four good horses and a general supply of horse and cow food, lumber, shingles, wood and coal, &c., at

MARTIN & OSBORN'S
Grain and Feed Store.

As a Diuretic.

In all diseases of the kidneys the best known remedy is the regular use of the famous Buffalo Lithia water from spring number 2. It acts promptly and effectually, does not differ in taste from other waters and to those who suffer from kidney complaints it is an indispensable necessity. For sale by all first class druggist.

For Rent.

A dwelling house in the city of Raleigh. Seven rooms, in good repair with necessary out houses. For particulars apply to W. H. Pace, Attorney at Law.

Wholesale Store.

Messrs. Latta & Myatt have on hand and to arrive—

300 sacks "L. & M." Family Flour.
50 " "98" " "
200 " "XX" " "
25 bbls. Patapsco and Orange Flour.
40 sacks N. C. Flour.
700 bushels corn.
900 " meal (Virginia bolted).
20,000 lbs. bulk C. R. sides.
2,000 " bacon and shoulders.
1,000 " canvassed and uncanvassed hams.
4000 lbs. N. C. hams and shoulders.
40 bbls. new crop Cuba molasses.
35 " New Orleans "
35 " "Queen Bee" Syrup.
2,200 lbs. bucket, tub and tierce lard.
45 bags Rio Coffee.
20 bbl. "yellow" sugar.
15 " "A." and "C." sugar.
5 " Granulated "

All of which will be sold low. Send for samples and price list. Latta & Myatt, Wholesale Grocers.

A Remedy that has been Remedied.

The invincible repugnance felt by almost every one to the smell and flavor of Cod Liver Oil, has prevented tens of thousands of the victims of debility from reaping the benefits of its peculiar healing and nutritive properties. The almost hopeless consumptive, the martyr to Rheumatism, the barely living shadow of men, women and children that emerge from the clutches of malarial fevers, all of these know, or at least their doctors know, that of all discovered remedies, this Oil is the best and often the only one that will build up their wasted bodies, and restore their shattered nerves, and far more effective than the Oil by itself is Scott's Emulsion of it, with the Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda. This is the finest and most natural food and medicine in the world, and wholly deprived of its disagreeable qualities. Sold by Wm. Simpson, Druggist.

March 4-d&w

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, Free of Charge. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Joseph T. Inman, Station D., New York City.

REMARKABLE cure of an inflamed ear duct or passage to the eye, without an operation.—Mrs. Gibson, who has a large an extensive confectionery and candy store No 25 Beast 43d Street, near the Grand Central Depot, was about to have a silver tube inserted in the tear passage of her left eye. The enlargement and inflamation were very great. Before submitting to the operation, tried Dr. Gil s' Liniment, rubbing carefully over the inflamed duct. The inflamation disappeared the passage became clear, and was, through its power able to do without a surgical operation. Also took the Liniment internally, a teaspoonful three times a day, in a wine glass of water. Sold by all druggists.

Every reader of this paper can have FREE one month's subscription to our illustrated Magazine of choice literature, "LEISURE HOURS," by sending fifteen cents to pay for mailing the premium that goes with the magazine, viz: a pair of Easter cross chromos. These crosses are entwined with calla lilies, ferns, grasses, &c. We shall feel fully repaid for this gift if the articles are shown to your friends. Catalogue of 1,000 desirable and curious articles sent to all; 1c. and 2c. stamps taken. Address J. L. LATTEN & CO., 47 Barclay Street, New York.

d&w-eow-4w

MEDICINES.

LIVER

HEPATINE.

This important organ weighs but about three pounds, and all the blood in a living person about three gallons) passes through it at least once every half hour, to have the bile and other impurities strained or filtered from it. Bile is the natural purgative of the bowels, and if the Liver becomes torpid it is not separated from the blood, but carried through the veins to all parts of the system, and in trying to escape through the pores of the skin, causes it to turn yellow or a dirty brown color. The stomach becomes diseased, and Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation, Headache, Biliousness, Jaundice, Chills, Malarial Fevers, Piles, Sick and Sour Stomach, and general debility follow. MERRELL'S HEPATINE, the great vegetable discovery for torpidity, causes the Liver to throw off from one to two ounces of bile each time the blood passes through it, as long as there is an excess of bile: and the effect of even a few doses upon yellow complexion or a brown dirty looking skin, will astonish all who try it—they being the first symptoms to disappear. The cure of all bilious diseases and Liver complaint is made certain by taking HEPATINE in accordance with directions. Headache is generally cured in twenty minutes, and no disease that arises from the Liver can exist if a fair trial is given.

SOLD AS A SUBSTITUTE FOR PILLS BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Price 25 Cts. and $1.00

GLOBE FLOWER SYRUP.

STILLINGIA.

LUNGS

The fatality of Consumption or Throat and Lung Diseases, which sweep to the grave at least one-third of all death's victims, arises from the Opium or Morphine treatment, which simply stupefies as the work of death goes on. $10,000 will be paid if Opium or Morphine, or any preparation of Opium, Morphine or Prussic Acid, can be found in the GLOBE FLOWER COUGH SYRUP, which has cured people who are living to-day with but one remaining lung. No greater wrong can be done than to say that Consumption is incurable. GLOBE FLOWER COUGH SYRUP will cure it when all other means have failed. Also, Colds, Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, and all diseases of the throat and lungs. Read the testimonials of the Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, Gov. Smith and Ex-Gov. Brown of Ga., Hon. Geo. Peabody, as well as those of other remarkable cures in our book, free to all at the drug stores, and be convinced that if you wish to be cured you can be by taking the GLOBE FLOWER COUGH SYRUP. Take no Troches or Lozenges for Sore Throat, when you can get GLOBE FLOWER SYRUP at same price. For sale by all Druggists.

Price 25 Cts. and $1.00

BLOOD

Grave mistakes are made in the treatment of all diseases that arise from poison in the blood. Not one case of Scrofula, Syphilis, White Swelling, Ulcerous Sores and Skin Disease in a thousand, is treated without the use of Mercury in some form. Mercury rots the bones, and the diseases it produces are worse than any other kind of blood or skin disease can be. DR. PEMBERTON'S STILLINGIA AND QUEEN'S DELIGHT is the only medicine upon which a hope of recovery from Scrofula, Syphilis, Mercurial diseases is based, and thousands annually founded, and the Globe Flower Cough Syrup. $10,000 will be paid the proprietors if Mercury, or any ingredient purely vegetable and harmless can be found in it.

Price by all Druggists.

GLOBE FLOWER COUGH SYRUP and MERRELL'S HEPATINE FOR LIVER for sale by all Druggists in 25 cent and $1.00 bottles.

A. F. MERRELL & CO., Proprietors,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

VEGETINE

Purifies the Blood, Renovates and Invigorates the Whole System.

ITS MEDICAL PROPERTIES ARE

Alterative, Tonic, Solvent

AND DIURETIC.

Vegetine Vegetine Vegetine

DAILY NEWS

SATURDAY - - - - APRIL 19, 1879

Index to New Advertisements.

MARTIN & OSBORNE.—Local notice.
N. H. D. WILSON—Notice to bondholders.
D. S. WAIT & BRO.—Clothing &c.
MONIE & TOWLES.—Special notice.
P. E. PESCUD & SON.—Ins. Co.
WATSON.—Local notice.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—The first shad in the Neuse at Milburnie was caught on Thursday last. The shad season at that point may now be said to be fairly open.

—Those valuable building lots in the northern portion of the city will be sold at the Court-house door to-day at 12 o'clock. These lots were advertised for sale last Saturday and the sale was postponed till to-day.

—A meeting of the State Board of Education was held in the Governors office yesterday. Several matters of importance were discussed and passed upon. The Board adjourned to meet again next Tuesday, when final action on certain matters will be taken.

—One of the best farmers in Alamance county (Mr. Kerr) has brought a lot of the finest beeves that has been offered for sale in this market for the past year. The guests of hotels and boarding houses will stop complaining about having to eat tough steak. It is a pity that our farmers can not see these fine cattle before they are slaughtered.

—We hear, with pleasure, that the members of the Busy Bee Band intend giving one of their enjoyable entertainments next Friday evening the 25th. From all we can understand of the affair, it promises to be something rare and unique, as the programme comprises quite a variety of amusements. First, there will be Motion Songs from some of the smaller members of the Band, then an exhibition in Calisthenics by the older members, succeeded by an "Old Folk's Concert," given by the little ones. There will also be a Bazaar table, at which will be exposed for sale, (after the exhibition and concert,) many beautiful articles of fancy work. Any one desiring refreshments will also find an abundant supply of everything to suit the taste of the most fastidious epicure.

Masonic Meeting.

A special meeting of the Masons of this city will be held in the Masonic Hall to-day at 10 o'clock, for work in the different degrees. All Masons are requested to attend.

The Catholic Festival

At Metropolitan Hall is meeting with most splendid success. The managers deserve great credit for the ability with which they have conducted the entertainment. The nightly attendance is very large. The enjoyment is unchecked and the pecuniary results most satisfactory. To night is the last of the series, and the spacious hall will be filled to its utmost capacity. None who attend will have cause for regret.

About Dogs.

Yesterday as Mr. Charles G. Latta was passing Mr. Peck's, on the corner of Wilmington and Morgan streets, a fearful bull-dog rushed out and attacked him, and ran against him with such violence as to knock him down, when the dog at once made an effort to seize him by the throat, and was only prevented by the timely aid of Mr. Len. H. Adams, who happened to be near by. We understand Mr. Latta was very much hurt by the collision and fall. Such dogs should not be allowed to live in the city. They are not only a nuisance but a dangerous and threatening menace to the public. It is a falacy and a reflection upon the authorities of this orderly and well-governed city, to pretend that there is any necessity for keeping such dogs for the protection of persons or property. We understand there are a number of them in the city, and they should be looked after at once. There should be an ordinance passed, outlawing them and authorizing their destruction by any one, if found on the streets, and the owner fined one hundred dollars, and on failure to pay to be put in the chain gang an made to work it out on the streets, and the dog killed. What is human life worth as compared with the fancied notions of men about these fearful creatures? The lives of our wives and children are in constant danger, so long as one of them remains in the city. We are therefore for killing the last one of them, or placing such fearful penalties upon them and their owners as will make it a dangerous thing to own one, or for one to be seen on the streets.

THIEVES AGAIN.

The House of Mr. Weathers---In the Dead of Night---The Window Smashed in---The Young Ladies Shriek With Fear.

It would seem that there is a regularly organized band of robbers in this city, but they are evidently green at their business. Each attempt, so far, has proven fruitless. On Thursday night the house of Mr. C. H. Weathers, a merchant on Blount street, and one of the old and esteemed citizens of Raleigh, was settled upon as the place of attack. Mr. Weathers' house and store join each other; his bed room is connected with his store by a door; just opposite his room and across the hall is the sitting room and sleeping apartment of his daughters, there is a window on the south side of this room. About 3 o'clock in the morning the thieves began their work. From tracks on the front porch it appears that they tried the two front windows to effect an entrance, but failing, they mounted the side fence and creeping on the top they reached the side window to the room in which the young ladies were sleeping. The blinds were open but the window was fastened. They attempted to prize it open, but again were thwarted. They were determined to enter. Smash went the window sash. The sudden noise awaked the young ladies, who, shrieking with fright, rushed to their father's room crying, "a robber is breaking in the house." Mr. Weathers sprang to his feet, lighted his lamp and rushed out in the night, but the fiends had gone. After his family had become quiet, he investigated the premises, with result as above related. Mr. Weathers said: "no doubt they intended to effect an entrance to my room, to crawl through it and reach the store, steal the money in the drawer and pass out the front door, which was locked with the key inside. They must have been acquainted with the premises."

So far there is no clue. This makes the fourth attempt to commit burglary in this city within the past four weeks. The operators are bold but their plans are badly conceived.

Queer Things in the Mail.

German post-offices are zoological gardens on a small scale. In the course of a year as many as 40,000 live animals are sent by post, and if crabs, frogs, bees and small insects are counted, the total will be among the millions. The post-office authorities have the privilege of excluding such animals as may be deemed either dangerous or disagreeable; but within the last six months only thirty-nine packages of living animals were refused, among which were an alligator, done up in a box considered as too fragile; a lot of dogs, whose persistent barking could not be quieted, and a number of pigeons tied up in a sack. On the other hand, during the same period, a crocodile, scores of birds of prey, monkeys, serpents, a leopard and four living bear cubs were transmitted by post.

New Salt Herrings
at Watson's grocery store.

GUILFORD ITEMS.

Federal Court---Acquittal of Law.

Correspondence of the News.

GREENSBORO, N. C., April 17.

Federal Court has now been in session near two weeks, Judge Dick presiding. The most notable case in court was that of the State vs. Joseph Law, for robbing the mail at Wentworth, as alleged. The case was set for last Friday but was put off till Monday. A rather unusual spectacle has presented itself in this court, in this case, there being witnesses from amongst the best society of ladies; one from Cascade, this State, one (the cashier, a lady), from the great house of E. Ridley & Sons, New York, and several ladies from Wentworth, and hence the unusual spectacle, as I said, of seeing a great throng of ladies in the court room day after day from the first. The case was terminated this, the fourth day, by acquittal of Law, who is respectably connected, his brother being the Rev. P. R. Law, of Pittsboro. There was strong counsel on both sides, viz.: for the prisoner, Col. Thomas Ruffin, Jas. W. Reid and Col. Boyd, and for the defence, Solicitor Lusk and Ball and Gregory. I venture to say such a gay scene has never been witnessed in the court room of old Guilford before. The evidence on the first count was not sufficient, hence the prisoner was discharged. There are a large number of legal gentlemen present, and much other business has been done, (of which I am not familiar,) especially in illicit distilling, blockading, &c.

James W. Reid made one of his best efforts on this case and his speech is highly spoken of.

FRUIT.

Much of which has been killed or hurt, yet there are many farmers who say they will have plenty, if nothing kills it hereafter.

The Good Templars recently gave a festival, and netted about $40; and the Methodist have a Mother Goose party to-night, which the rain of the day will prevent to a great extent.

New goods have arrived and the spring trade has begun in earnest. M.

PERSONAL.

The Empress of Austria is a great favorite with the Hungarians, among whom she prefers spending her vacations to being Queen in Vienna. The truth is that the Queen finds more hunting in Hungary than in Austria.

Mr. W. S. Gilbert, author of "Pinafore," is a tall, lank, raw-boned Scotch lawyer, with sandy hair and whiskers. His face is usually wrinkled with an expression of great nervous irritability, and his temper is of the shortest.

For speaking disrespectfully of the Crown Prince in a public place of entertainment, a teacher has been sentenced to four months' imprisonment. Germany, it should be remembered enjoys the benign presence of a strong government.

M. Renan, the French literateure, has a large head, chiefly remarkable for the smile—half good-humored, half sarcastic—which plays upon his lips when his interest is aroused. The general expressson is one of comfortable good will toward all men.

The sister of the Sultan of Zanzibar has gone to live in Berlin, where she intends to give lessons in Arabic. She was converted to Christianity and left her native country secretly about ten years ago. She married Herr Ruete, a Hamburg merchant, and is now a widow.

Mr. W. L. Gilbert, the author of "Pinafore," has undertaken to compete with himself for popular favor. His new play, "Gretchen," has been launched upon the dramatic sea of London, and may soon be expected in this country. Accounts vary widely as to its merits.

A Rare Production.

In its original state.

RALEIGH April 17th 1879

a Coliord menn By the name of Branch Taylor last night about 2 past 8 o'clock drank 3 qt of Cider whith was given to hin at A. C. Williams Store cor Blunt & Cabarrus Sts Raleigh n c it was given to hin By. Maera cwoop and H. B. Taylor and in a minit after dringing it Sat dow and a quart of cider gush out of his mooth and then got up and cride give me one more quart and then he Was takeing By Cooper and H. B. Taylor and Carried to the dore and was put out as he Sood in the Rain Saying is am gowing to Church and then Smoke 6 cigars and Smoke them and after dowing all of that then ate 7 pies and a glass of Jelley that Cost 30 cts and then disappear

DINKEY JONES.

Escaped Convicts.

Charlotte Democrat.

The City Marshal tells us that he has a list of all escaped convicts from Railroad works, who were sent to the Penitentiary and Railroads from this county. The rascals, no doubt, are now lurking about Charlotte. No wonder our citizens are seized on the highway by robbers. The guards on railroads in the western part of the State should be discharged for incompetency, and city and county authorities should make better provision for keeping and punishing convicts than the Penitentiary and its regulations now afford.

The Negro Exodus.

Roanoke News.

We learn that the fever to go West has attacked the negroes in Weldon, and that caucuses have been held to consider the expediency of moving away. The move was commenced by the return of one who had been West for a year or two, and who brought back with him glowing accounts of the rich soil, the cheap land and other advantages.

The Cost of Hugging.

Hugging sociables are popular in some rural parts of New Jersey. The prices charged are given for benevolent purposes. It costs ten cents to hug a girl between fifteen and twenty, but you have to pay twenty-five cents for a young widow, five cents for a girl between twenty and thirty, and a dollar for hugging a married lady.

Not Yet Over.

N. Y. Tribune.

The negro exodus is not over, after all. Several hundred blacks have arrived at St. Louis within the past two or three days, and the Relief Committee is now at its wits end to know how to care for these helpless refugees. Some interesting figures are given concerning the extent of the migration, showing that there have arrived at St. Louis within these few weeks as many as 6,000 blacks, who were seeking a home somewhere where freedom would not be a sham.

Death by Fire.

Roanoke News.

Mrs. Boon living near Jackson, in Northampton county, was burned to death on Monday night. Her son had left the house to look after his stock and hearing screams in the house, ran in and found his mother's clothing in flames. He failed to extinguish the fire, and she died in about 12 hours, suffering terribly. The cause of the accident is not known.

For Upwards of Thirty Years

Mrs. Winslows Soothing Syrup has been used for children. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves windcolic, regulates the bowels, cures dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. An old and well-tried remedy. 25 cents a bottle.

2,500 Bushels Brown stuffs at Martin and Osborn Grain and Feed store it is the best feed for milch cows.

If you wish a good smoke, call for the "Towntalk," only 5 cents, for sale by M. Grausman.

At Watson's.

Fresh arrival of breakfast strips and dried beef, family pickled or corned beef.

Spring 1879---New Goods.

Bargains never before heard of. I have just returned from New York where I have purchased a select stock of Dry Goods consisting in Dress Goods, Lawns, Pique white and colored. Prints in great variety and Prettiest I ever bought. Bleached and unbleached muslins at all prices.

BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,

in great variety. Boydens hand made Gaiters for Gentlemen all styles both high and low cut with box toe and without box, Beautiful French toes. J. S. Turner's hand made gaiters for Gentlemen high cut with and without box.

Heiser's hand-made gaiters for gentlemen's wear. T. Miles & Son's ladies' shoes, morocco and cloth. Miles' ladies' kid button boots. Miles' ladies' kid Newport Ties, which are beautiful.

In addition to these, I keep a full line of all qualities and prices of low price shoes for gentlemen and ladies, and a nice line of

Misses' and Childrens' Shoes.

I have a fine line of childrens' white no-heel button shoes.

My Clothing Department is very attractive, and prices more attractive.

I am also agent for Devlin & Co., the leading custom-made clothiers of N. Y. measures taken and suits made to order Don't forget the famous Boyden Gaiter for gents in all styles, and my Clothing Department up stairs. Agent Frank Leslie cut paper patterns. Catalogne Free. Very Respectfully,

J. P. GULLEY.

Smoke the celebrated "Towntalk" 5 cent cigars, for sale by M. Grausman.

Very Low Prices.

1,000 fans, from 5 cents.
1,000 handkerchiefs, from 5 cents.
1,000 pair hose, from 10 cents.
1,000 parasols, from 15 cents.
500 straw hats, from 15 cents.
7,000 yards domestics, from 5 cents.
750 shirts, from 25 cents.
Coats, from 50 cents.
Vests, from 50 cents.
Pants, from 50 cents.
A full stock of ladies' slippers, from 50 cents, at Woollcott's Open Front Store, Wilmington st.

If you wish a good smoke, call for the "Towntalk," only 5 cents, for sale by M. Grausman.

At Watson's

Another supply of that fine Milwaukee lager beer in bottles, families supplied.

Tobacco and Segars.

The best and finest assortment at Watson's

The Celebrated Seven Springs Iron and Alum Mass.

This is decidedly the most useful, besides being the most efficient Family Medicine ever placed within the reach of any people. Its reputation extends far and wide, and its great popularity is due entirely to its own merits. For relieving Sick and Nervous Headache, it may be truly said, to have no equal. Dyspeptics find it just the remedy for their troubles. Mothers and daughters have long since discovered in its use a "panacea" for their worst ills; and now we have the testimonies of two eminent ministers of the gospel, from Southern cities, setting forth its specific effects in other more dreaded and troublesome diseases.

Rev. John F. Mayne, Theological Seminary, Columbia, S. C., writes: "Am afflicted with that terrible disease, 'Diabetes;' am using the 'Seven Springs Mass' with a considerable degree of relief; is the only remedy I have yet found to suit my case; want to continue its use until a cure is effected if possible. Send worth of the enclosed P. O. order immediately.

JNO. F. MAYNE.

Columbia, S. C., Jan. 23d, 1879.

Rev. J. D. Parker, of New Orleans, La., writes: "Having tried effectually the 'Seven Springs Iron and Alum Mass,' for Diarhea, Kidney afflictions, &c., I take pleasure in recommending its use these complaints. In my case it affords immediate relief.

J. D. PARKER."

New Orleans, La., Feb. 11th, 1879.

For sale by Wm. Simpson, Pescud, Lee & Co., and F. H. Heartt, Raleigh, N. C., and Druggists generally.

LANDRUM & LITCHFIELD,
Abingdon, Va.

Make Your Own Fertilizer.

With ten dollars worth of chemicals, which I will furnish in proper proportions for one ton of fertilizer, added to such materials as every farmer has in abundance around the farm, he can make a ton of fertilizer equal to the best high priced fertilizer on the market.

It is recommended by leading farmers, such as Mr. Wm. Grimes, J. T. Leach and others whose testimonials I have.

WM. SIMPSON,
Chemist, Raleigh, N. C.

The Tucker House.

This hostelry has not long been opened, but has already made itself a favorite here and with the traveling public. The fare is good, the rooms favorable, while the location is very convenient. These many advantages are appreciated.

Beer, Ale, Porter and Mineral Waters.

My facilities for the delivery of the above in bottles or kegs, are superior to any in the State. Prices as low as the lowest. Country orders solicited.

M. BILLS, Raleigh, N. C.
City Botling Works.

Parlor Bagatelle Tables.

I am State agent for the sale of M. Redgraves Parlor Bagatelle Tables, which are now so fashionable in private families and saloons North.

M. BILLS, Raleigh, N. C,

Unheard of Bargains!

Who tries his best to please his friends
And in his labors never ends,
Bargains he'll give you when you call
For No. 10 is all and all.
Of other houses you hear them talk;
In Fayetteville street just take a walk
And only ask for No. 10,
Kept by the most ingenious of men,
And when his friends by chance drop in
Then forth he comes, Lord what a grin,
And to their wondering eyes displays
Such heaps of brackets and window shades.
His pictures are exposed to public view
And a variety of cord to suspend them too,
His looking glasses and toilet cases
Will help adorn your forms and faces;
Picture frames and mouldings too
In great variety, black, brown and blue.
His window cornices and lambrequins fine,
Will make yous rooms and parlor shine.
Perforated mottoes, and white holly baskets.
And every other sort of stuff,
Of which he hopes to have enough.
So now he bids you all adieu
And wishes a happy new year too,
And not forget

C. C. CLAWSON,
No. 10 Fayetteville St.

Call at Watson's

For your groceries, they are not only cheap but the best.

Fresh Arrivals at D. T. Johnson's.

Richmond bolted meal, 500 lbs nice white corn bulk meats, N. C. hams and sides. A large lot of peas, (different kinds.) Cuba molasses in bbls and tierces, 20 bags coffee, different grades, 20 bbls nice yellow sugar, 300 sacks flour. We offer these goods to the trade at prices that can't fail to please. Give us a trial. A few chufas on hand yet, D. T. Johnson.

Just the Place.

Loader the tailor has won an enviable reputation in his business, and deserves it, for the style, fit and material of his suits are not excelled. When to this is added moderate charges, it is not surprising that his rooms over Tucker's store are often visited by customers. Pay him a visit and inspect his stock and you will be pleased with prices and goods.

"Cloud compeller" from over the sea,
Rising like Venus fair and free;
O'er some poet's reverie,
Leopold's "Raleigh Belle" and "Little Maimee."

For Sale

Two hundred and fifty pounds of live geese feathers. They are nice and will be sold low. Apply to Latta & Myatt, Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants.

Ice cream at Moseleys.

Fresh cakes and bread at Moseley's.

Send your order for ice cream, cakes and bread to Moseley's.

All are invited to call at Moseley's for ice cream, cakes and bread.

Pritchard & Brooks.

Have another lot of that elegant oak and hickory wood on hand, cheap for cash. Also, car load of bolted meal; salt, potatoes, bulk meat, fresh eggs and chickens, sugars of all grades, coffees and teas—at prices to suit the hard times.

W. C. & A. B. Stronach—April 17th,

400 bushels white Western corn.
500 bushels white bolted meal.
400 bushels white and clay peas.
600 bushels ship stuff and bran.
200 barrels extra and family floor.

We are daily receiving seed sweet potatoes of best varieties and can fill orders for same at lowest market price.

SEASONABLE GOODS.

Family Roe Herrings, No. 1, 2 and 3 mackerel, Ferris pig hams, Fulton market beef, broiling beef, dried beef for chipping, French prunes, fine syrups, English Island molasses, desserts and fruits, Shaker's, dried corn, hand picked beans, oat meal, cracked and crushed wheat, tapioca, farina, pearl, barley, Graham flour, olive oil, Spanish olives, canned peaches, canned pine apple, dried peaches, dried apples, canned corn, canned tomatoes, catsups, sauces, Crosse and Blackwell's pickles, domestic pickles, Springfield hams.

COFFEE AT 10 CENTS PER POUND.

We are to-day turning out of our mill a ground coffee of good strength and flavor at 10 cents per pound, which we guarantee to give satisfaction.

Just received, a fine line of gunpowder and uncolored Japan teas.

Head Stones and Monuments.

Largest and finest stock in the State. Cheaper than they can be purchased in New York. Without freight. Come and see and be convinced. Rosendale and Portland cements constantly on hand.

Wolfe's stone burial case on exhibition at Henry Brown's, and marble yard on corner Morgan and Blount streets.

CAYTON & WOLFE.
Raleigh, N. C.

Given up by the Doctors.

"Is it possible that Mr. Godfres is up and at work, and cured by so simple a remedy?"

"I assure you it is true that he is entirely cured, and with nothing but Hop Bitters; and only ten days ago his doctors gave him up and said he must die!"

"Well-a-day! That is remarkable! I will go this day and get some for my poor George—I know hops are good."

The Greatest Blessing.

A simple, pure, harmless remedy, that cures every time, and prevents disease by keeping the blood pure, stomach regular, kidneys and liver active, is the greatest blessing ever conferred upon man. Hop Bitters is that remedy, and its proprietors are being blessed by thousands who have been saved and cured by it. Will you try it? See another column.

For Rent.

The three desirable houses having about 20 rooms, on McDowell street, belonging to the estate of J. Fisher, occupied several years by Mrs. Pullen as a boarding house. Possession given 1st of May. For terms apply to

J. WOMBLE, Agt.

Cheapest Lemons

In town, at WATSON'S.

Good Roasted Coffee.

Fifteen cents per pound at WATSON'S.

Fine Tobacco and Cigars.

At Watson's, Fayetteville street, opposite the Market.

Molasses, Syrup, Sugar.

Of all grades. Best sugar-cured hams. Patapsco and Orange Grove Flour. Richmond Meal, Hominy, Grits, and a general assortment of Groceries of the best quality, very cheap, at Watson's.

Wm. Woollcott has just received from a bankrupt stock, a lot of hats, boots, shoes and clothing, and he will sell them cheap for cash. A case of spring calicoes just arrived at Woollcott's.

Electric Belts.

A sure cure for nervous debility, premature decay, exhaustion, etc. The only reliable cure. Circulars mailed free. Address J. K REEVES, 43 Chatham St., N. Y.

Brunswick Billiard Tables.

I am general agent for this State for the celebrated Brunswick and Balkas billiard tables. Special inducements offered to saloon keepers.

M. BILLS, Raleigh, N. C.,
City Botling Works.

It is to your Interest to Know

that Payne Bros. are now making the best bricks on this market and selling them lower than the lowest. They can afford it as they give the business their undivided attention and being practical men know how to make them by economy and of best quality.

They use the well known and long tried "Crab Tree Clay" which is unsurpassed in the State of North Carolina. We guarantee our brick and work to give perfect satisfaction. For further information call on Wayne Allcott, Agent, corner Will. and Davie St's., or address, PAYNE BROS.,

P. O. Box 75, Raleigh N. C.,

L. R. Wyatt.

Has on hand and to arrive.
22,000 lbs. C. R. Bulk side and shoulders.
1,000 bus. prime white corn.
200 bbls. family flour.
300 bus. Haxall Mills bolted meal.
50 sacks Marshall's Liverpool salt.
25 bbls. New Orleans molasses,
10 bbls. sugar house molasses.
20 bbls. sugar, from granulated down.
20 sacks coffee.
20,000 pounds prime Timothy hay.
Early Rose seed potatoes.
Orders filled promptly for seed sweet potatoes.
Above named goods bought right, and will be sold accordingly.

L. R. WYATT.
Wilmington St., opposite Market.

You Will Find

It to your interest to call at Watson's grocery store and examine his stock and prices, he will not be excelled in either prices or quality of goods.

Poetry.

Alone, I've yet one solace left,
Which cheers my broken heart,
And in that thought a thousand hopes
Come springing into birth.
How beautiful the vision seems,
Amidst life's troubled cares,
To drink a glass of good champagne
And smoke MENDEL'S cigars.
From the Capital Cigar Store, opposite the Postoffice.

Standard.

Patapsco Flour,
Patapsco Baking Powder.

Bolted Virginia Meal,
Orange Grove Extra Flour.

Prime Timothy Hay,
Marshall's Liverpool Salt.

Clear Rib Bulk Meat,
Egerton's Scotch Snuff.

For sale at wholesale by
W. H. DODD.

RALEIGH MARKETS.

Cotton Market:

Reported by PARKER & AVERA, Cotton Brokers.

RALEIGH, N. C., April 18, 1879.

Middling	11
Strict Low Middling	10⅞
Low Middling	10⅝
Strict Good Ordinary	10½
Good Ordinary	10
Middling Stains	10½
Low Middling Stains	10
Good Ordinary Stains	
Tone of Market, quiet.	

CITY MARKETS—Wholesale Prices.

Corrected by CHISTOPHER & SORRELL.

Official Report of Grocers Exchange.
RALEIGH, N. C., April 18, 1879.

Flour, North Carolina	$5 75 @6 00
Chickens	15 @ 20
Corn	60 @ 65
Corn Meal	55 @ 60
Bacon, N. C. Hog round	7 @ 8
" " hams	7 @ 9
Bulk Meats, clear rib sides	5¾@ 6
" " shoulders	5 @ 5½
North Carolina Pork	6 @ 7
Coffee, prime Rio	14 @ 15
" good	12 @ 13
Syrup, S. H.	25 @
Molasses, Cuba	33 @ 35
Salt, Liverpool	1 75 @
Sugar, white	8½@ 9
" yellow	7½@
Irish potatoes	1 25 @1 50
" " North Carolina	50 @ 55
Sweet Potatoes (seed)	60 @ 65
Oats, shelled	45 @ 50
Peaches, peeled	8 per lb
" unpeeled	3 "
Apples, northern per bushel	$1 25 @ 1 50
" dried	3 @ 4
Cotton Ties, new	4½@
" " spliced	3½@
Bagging	11 @ 12
Pork	4 @ 6
Peas, per bushel, white	80 @ 90
" " stock	65 @ 75
Eggs	10 @ 11
Butter	12½@ 15
Beeswax	20 @ 22½
Rags—mixed	1½@
" cotton	1¾@
Furs—Otter	$5.00
Mink	75
Fox	90
Coon	35
Muskrat	10
Rabbits	3

Above are for large quantities. When small quantities are wanted higher prices will be charged.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

NEW YORK, April 18.—Money 4@5. Exchange 486. Governments strong and higher. State bonds inactive.

Cotton—net receipts 421 bales; gross 421. Futures barely steady; sales 122,000 bales; April 11.80@11.82; May 11.91@11.92; June 12.08@12.09; July 12.24; August 12.36@12.37; September 12.09@12.10; October 11.54@11.55; November 11.14@11.16; December 11.07@11.09.

Cotton steady; sales 1,228 bales; middling uplands 11¼; middling Orleans 12; weekly net receipts 2,668; gross 15,323; exports to Great Britain 7,729.

Flour dull. Southern flour quiet weak, common to fair extra 410@440; good to choice do 550@650. Wheat ½@1c. lower, moderate export, ungraded winter red 97@$1.11; No. 3 do. $1.00@$1.07. Corn a shade lower, very moderate trade, ungraded 44½@46. Oats slightly in buyers favor but dull, 33½ for No. 3. Coffee in moderate demand, firm; Rio quoted in cargoes at 11½@15; in job lots 11½@16. Sugar unchanged, quit; refined quiet. Molasses quiet and unchanged. Rice in moderate request and steady. Rosin quiet and firm $1.40. Turpentine firm at 29½. Pork a shade firmer and quiet; old mess spot $9.40; new quoted at $10.37½@$10.50. Lard a trifle better and very quiet, closing strong; prime steam spot $6.52½. Whiskey quiet, very firm $1.7½ bid, $1.08 asked. Freights steady.

BALTIMORE, April 18.—Oats firm; Southern 33@36; Western white 32@34; do. mixed 33@35½; Pennsylvania 32@35. Hay firm, prime to choice Pennsylvania and Maryland $12.00@$12.14 per ton. Provisions dull and weak; mess pork $10.50@10,75; bulk meats loose; shoulders 3¾; clear rib sides 5; packed 4½@5½; bacon—shoulders 4½; clear rib sides 6; hams 9½@9¾. Lard, refined, in tierces 7½. Butter steady, prime to choice western, packed 18@20; roll 13@15. Coffee firm and quiet; Rio cargoes, ordinary to choice 10@16. Whiskey dull at $1.07@$1.07½. Sugar steady.

WILMINGTON, April 18.—Spirits turpentine quiet at 27½ Rosin quiet, strained $1.05; good strained $1.07½. Crude turpentine steady; hard $1.00; yellow dip $1.60; virgin $2.00. Tar steady at 82½. Corn dull, prime white 55.

CHICAGO, April 18.—Flour dull nominal. Wheat dull and a shade lower for No. 2 Chicago spring fresh; 91½ for regular; 88¾ for cash and April; 93¾@93¾ for May; No. 3 do. 79½. Corn lower and weak for fresh; 34 for regular; 31¾ for cash and April; 35¼@36 for May; 36¼@36¾ for June. Oats dull and tending downward for fresh; 24 for regular; 24 for cash; 21¾ for April; 25¼ for May; 25¼ for June. Pork steady, in fair demand; $10.10@$10.12½ for cash and April; $10.25@$10.27½ for May; $10.37½@$10.40 for June. Lard steady, in fair demand; $6.32½@$6.35 for cash and April; $6.42½@$6.45 for May; $6.50@$6.52½ for June. Bulk meats steady and unchanged. Whiskey steady and unchanged.

CINCINNATI, April 18.—Flour dull and unchanged, family $4.60@$5.50. Wheat quiet, red and white $1.00@$1.06. Corn firmer, quiet at 37½@38. Oats easier at 28@31. Pork dull and nominal, held at $10.00@$10.25. Lard quiet; steam $5.90 bid. Bulk meats dull, a shade lower—shoulders 3½; short ribs 4½; short clear ribs 4¾. Whiskey quiet at $1.02. Butter dull and drooping. Sugar steady and unchanged. Live hogs dull; packing $3.35@$3.55.

LIVERPOOL, April 18—Noon.—Cotton firm; middling uplands 6¾; middling Orleans 6 7-16; sales 12,000 bales; speculation and export 2,000 bales; receipts 6,900; American 6,250. Futures steady, uplands and low middling clause for May and June delivery 6 11-32; June and July 6 13-32; July and August 6 15-32@6 7-16; August and September 6½.

1:30 p. m.—Futures firmer, more buyers at last quotations; uplands and low middling clause for June and July delivery 6 29-32@6 13-32.

APRIL 18.—Cotton—Middling, low middling, good ordinary: Galveston—steady, 11, 10¾ and 10¾ cents; net receipts 487 bales. Norfolk—firm at 11¼ cents; net receipts 832 bales. Baltimore—firm at 11¼, 11¼ and 10¾ cents; net receipts 115 bales. Boston—firm at 12, 11¾ and 11¼ cents; net receipts 990 bales. Wilmington—firm at 11¼, 10¾ and 10¾ cents; net receipts 1 bales. Philadelphia—firm at 12, 11¾ and 11 cents; net receipts 22 bales. Savannah—firm at 11 5-16, 11 1-16 and 10 11-16 cents; net receipts 858 bales. New Orleans—firm at 11¾, 11 and 10¾ cents; net receipts 1,108 bales. Mobile—firm at 10¾, 11, 10¾ and 10¼ cents; net receipts 150 bales.

STATEMENT

Showing the Condition of the Union Marine and Fire Insurance Company,

OF GALVESTON, TEXAS.

ASSETS, DECEMBER 31, 1878.

Loans on bond and mortgage (duly recorded and being first liens on the fee simple,)	$ 2,500.00
Account of stocks and bonds of the United States, and of this and other States, also all other stocks and bonds absolutely owned by the Company,	163,782.92
Stocks, bonds and all other securities, (except mortgages) hypothecated to the Company as collateral security for cash actually loaned by the company	27,903.50
Interest due and accrued on stocks and other securities;	447.78
Cash in Company's principal office and belonging to the Company, deposited in Banks,	29,239.94
Premiums unpaid	10,244.06
All other assets, detailed in statement,	8,733.16
Total Assets,	$242,851.96

LIABILITIES.

Losses unpaid, including those resisted,	$ 8,213.97
Reserve, as required by law,	33,115.36
All other claims,	135.00
Total Liabilities,	$ 41,464.33
Surplus as regards policy holders,	$ 201,387.63
Capital stock paid up,	200,000.00
Surplus as regards stockholders,	1,387.63
Total Income,	109,047.32
Total Expenditures,	115,602.95

NORTH CAROLINA BUSINESS IN 1878.

Risks written,	$ 191,692.98
Premiums received,	3,050.11
Losses paid on risks taken,	772.47
Losses in curred,	2,022.47

P. F. PESCUD & SON,
Agents, Raleigh.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
OFFICE OF SECRETARY OF STATE,
INSURANCE DEPARTMENT,
RALEIGH, April 18, 1879

In compliance with Section Eight of "An Act Concerning Insurance," ratified March 12th, 1877, I certify that the above is a true extract from the sworn statement of the Union Marine & Fire Insurance Company to December 31st, 1878 now on file in this Department, and the statement is hereby approved.

WM. L. SAUNDERS,
Secretary of State.

Notice to Bondholders.

Interest upon the past due first mortgage Bonds of the North Carolina Railroad company will be paid at the National Bank of Greensboro on or after the first day of May proximo. Holders of these bonds will please present them and receive the interest due upon them.

N. H. D. WILSON,
Greensboro, N. C., Trustee.
April 18 1879,

Special Offer.

Will be sold low to close out consignment 3 tons Land Plaster.
5 tons Oyster Shell Lime.
100 Barrels Gold Medal Centennial Building Lime.

Monie & Towles.

D. S. WAIT & BRO.

No. 52 Fayetteville street, Wholesale and Retail dealers in all kinds of
Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,
Clothing, Manhattan Fine White Shirts, Dry Goods, Notions and Gents Furnishing Goods.

E. P. GREEN,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

WARRENTON, N. C.

Practices in the courts of Warren and adjoining counties, and in the Supreme Court of the State.

Orders on collections strictly complied with, and remittances promptly made.

Refers by permission to: Warren Savings Bank, and Old North State Insurance Company, Warrenton, N. C. [a pr3-d

FRED. A. OLDS,

—WITH—

Cameron, Hay & Co.,

(Office over Citizens' National Bank,)

Special Agent for Raleigh, N. C., for the Liverpool & London & Globe Fire Insurance Company; Queen, of Liverpool; Royal, of England; London Assurance Corporation; Home, of New York; Franklin, of Philadelphia; Manhattan, of New York; Niagara, of New York; Virginia Fire and Marine, Virginia Home; Columbus Insurance Company, of Ga.

Over Ninety Millions Assets represented.

WHAT I KNOW ABOUT VEGETINE.

SOUTH BOSTON, May 9, 1878.

H. R. STEVENS, Esq.:

Dear Sir—I have had considerable experience with the VEGETINE. For dyspepsia, general debility, and impure blood, the VEGETINE is superior to anything which I have ever used. I commenced taking VEGETINE about the middle of last winter, and, after using a few bottles, it entirely cured me of dyspepsia, and my blood never was in so good condition as at the present time. It will afford me pleasure to give any further particulars relative to what I know about this good medicine to any one who will call or address me at my residence, 386 Athens street.

Very respectfully,
MONROE FARKER,
386 Athens street.

Dyspepsia.

SYMPTOMS.—Want of appetite, rising of food and wind from the stomach, acidity of the stomach, heartburn, dryness and whiteness of the tongue in the morning, sense of distension in the stomach and bowels, sometimes rumbling and pain; costiveness, which is occasionally interrupted by diarrhœa; paleness of the urine. The mouth is clammy, or has a sour or bitter taste. Other frequent symptoms are waterbrash, palpitation of the heart, headache, and disorders of the senses, as seeing double, etc. There is general debility, languor and aversion to motion; dejection of the spirits, disturbed sleep, and frightful dreams.

Gained Fifteen Pounds of Flesh.

SOUTH BERWICK, Me., Jan. 17, 1872.

H. R. STEVENS, Esq.:

Dear Sir—I have had dyspepsia in its worst form for the last ten years, and have taken hundreds of dollars' worth of medicine without obtaining any relief. In September last I commenced taking the VEGETINE, since which time my health has steadily improved. My food digests well, and I have gained fifteen pounds of flesh. There are several others in this place taking the VEGETINE, and all have obtained relief.

Yours truly,
THOMAS E. MOORE,
Overseer of Card Room, Portsmouth Co.'s Mills.

FEEL MYSELF A NEW MAN.

NATICK, Mass., June 1, 1872.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir—Through the advice and earnest persuasion of the Rev. E. S. Best, of this place, I have been taking VEGETINE for dyspepsia, of which I have suffered for years.

I have used only two bottles, and already feel myself a new man. Respectfully,

DR. J. W. CARTER.

GOOD EVIDENCE.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 26, 1872.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir—The two bottles of VEGETINE furnished me by your agent my wife has used with great benefit.

For a long time she has been troubled with dizziness and costiveness; these troubles are now entirely removed by the use of VEGETINE

She was also troubled with dyspepsia and general debility, and has been greatly benefited.

THOMAS GILMORE,
229½ Walnut street.

RELIABLE EVIDENCE.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir—I will most cheerfully add my testimony to the great number you have already received in favor of your great and good medicine, VEGETINE, for I do not think enough can be said in its praise, for I was troubled over thirty years with that dreadful disease, Catarrh, and had such bad coughing spells that it would seem as though I could never breathe any more, and VEGETINE has cured me; and I do feel to thank God all the time that there